Collaborative Filtering

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1 Collaborative filtering

- setup of the problem $\,$
 - why is different
 - examples : Amazon, Netflix, iTunes genius

| | | Airplane | Matrix | Room with a View | | Hidalgo |
|-------|----------|----------|--------|------------------|-----|---------|
| | | comedy | action | romance | ••• | action |
| Joe | 27,M,70k | 9 | 7 | 2 | | 7 |
| Carol | 53,F,20k | 8 | | 9 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Kumar | 25,M,22k | 9 | 3 | | | 6 |
| U_a | 48,M,81k | 4 | 7 | ? | ? | ? |

2 Pearson's Formula

COLLABORATIVE FILTERING; PEARSON FORMULA compute for each user u mean and variance. Let N_u = number of movies rated by user u; R_{um} is the rating of user u for movie m

$$\mu_u = \frac{\sum_m R_{um}}{N_u}$$

$$\sigma_u^2 = \frac{\sum_m R_{um}^2}{N_u} - \mu_u^2$$

normalize each ratings by substracting the user mean and dividing by user variance

$$\bar{r}_{um} = \frac{R_{um} - \mu_u}{\sigma_u}$$

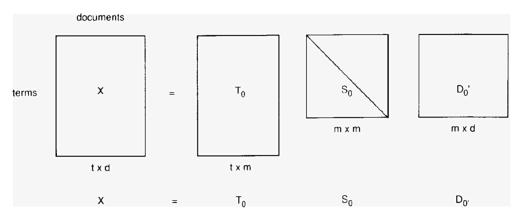
compute user similarity between any two users u and v

$$\rho_{uv} = \frac{1}{\text{movies in common } m} \sum_{m} \bar{r}_{um} \cdot \bar{r}_{vm}$$

predict the rating for a new movie by accounting for all other users' v rating on the movie

$$predict(u, m) = \mu_u + \frac{\sum_{v} \rho_{uv} \cdot \bar{r}_{vm}}{\sum_{v} |\rho_{uv}|} \cdot \sigma_u$$

4 Factorization, LSI



- T_0 , D_0 orthogonal with unit length columns $-T_0*T_0^T=1$
- S₀ = diagonal matrix of eigenvalues
- m = rank of X

41

LSI dimensions are

- based on term co-occurrence patterns between documents (profiles)
- ordered by their prominence in collection

LSI space built from profiles

- highlights common patterns among profiles
- "noisy" dimensions can be pruned
- project new documents into a collaborative space for routing