

CS3000: Algorithms & Data — Fall '18 — Jonathan Ullman

Homework 8

Due Friday December 7 at 11:59pm via [Gradescope](#)

Name:

Collaborators:

- Make sure to put your name on the first page. If you are using the \LaTeX template we provided, then you can make sure it appears by filling in the `yourname` command.
- This assignment is due Friday December 7 at 11:59pm via [Gradescope](#). No late assignments will be accepted. Make sure to submit something before the deadline.
- Solutions must be typeset in \LaTeX . If you need to draw any diagrams, you may draw them by hand as long as they are embedded in the PDF. I recommend using the source file for this assignment to get started.
- *I encourage you to work with your classmates on the homework problems. However, you must write all solutions by yourself, in your own words. Do not share any written or typed solutions. Do not submit anything you cannot explain. Please list all your collaborators in your solution for each problem by filling in the `yourcollaborators` command.*
- Finding solutions to homework problems on the web, or by asking students not enrolled in the class is strictly forbidden.

Problem 1. Seating Arrangements

Several families are having a dinner party. To be more social, they would like to arrange seating so that no two members of the same family are at the same table. There are p families with family i having f_i members, and there are q tables with each table j having t_j seats. The goal is to determine if there exists a seating arrangement where no two members of the same family are at the.

More precisely, we have the following inputs and correct outputs:

- **Input:** The values p, f_1, \dots, f_p and q, t_1, \dots, t_q .
- **Output:** If possible, an assignment of guests to tables¹ such that (1) every guest is assigned, (2) no family has more than one member assigned to any table, and (3) no table has too many guests. Otherwise, \perp meaning that no such assignment is possible.

Show how to obtain a polynomial time algorithm for the seating arrangement problem by reducing it to the integer maximum flow problem that we know how to solve.

- (a) How do you map an input to the seating arrangement problem into an input into the maximum flow problem?

Solution:

- (b) How do you map an output for the maximum flow problem to an output for the seating arrangement problem? Be sure to state what properties of the output you are relying on.

Solution:

- (c) Give a rigorous argument that your algorithm correctly solves the seating arrangement problem provided that you get a correct output to the integer maximum flow problem you created in part (a).

Solution:

- (d) What is the running time of the entire algorithm, including the time to compute the maximum flow?

Solution:

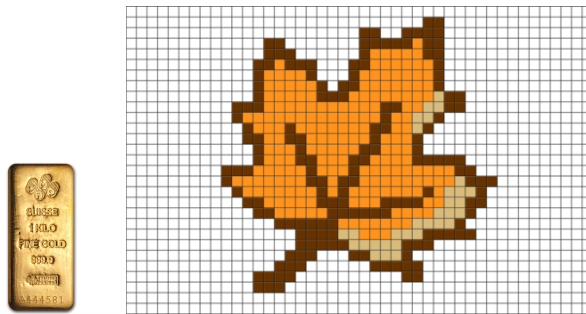
¹Note that it doesn't matter *which* member of a family is assigned to a table, so you only need to specify information like "the 3 members of family 1 are assigned to tables 2, 5, and 12."

Problem 2. Tiling

In the ruins of Pompeii, I remember seeing the [House of the Tragic Poet](#) with a famous mosaic floor proclaiming visitors to “Beware of the Dog.” In Boston, a less tragic and wealthier poet has commissioned a mosaic using 1kg bars of solid gold, specifically the type CreditSuisse mints in the dimension 40mm by 40mm.

Design an algorithm that takes as input a grid of 80mm by 40mm squares that are either colored or white. The algorithm determines if the colored squares in the design can be *entirely covered* with gold bullion bars. We call this the *tiling problem*. The algorithm should use a reduction to the bipartite matching problem.²

Note that gold bars can never be split in half! Each gold bar covers exactly two of the squares. As an example, consider the gold bars on the left, and the pixel art on the right. Can the leaf be covered in gold?



- (a) Precisely specify the input and output for the bipartite matching problem that your reduction will use.

Solution:

- (b) How do you map an input to the tiling problem into an input into the bipartite matching problem?

Solution:

- (c) How do you map an output for the bipartite matching problem to an output for the tiling? Be sure to state what properties of the output you are relying on.

Solution:

- (d) Give a rigorous argument that your algorithm correctly solves the tiling problem provided that you get a correct output to the bipartite matching you created in part (b).

Solution:

- (e) What is the running time of the entire algorithm, including the time to compute the bipartite matching?

Solution:

²**Hint:** Suppose we put a checkerboard pattern on the grid. Then each gold bullion bar covers exactly one red square and one black square.