

Concepts to be familiar with before reading this document

$\neg X$: "not X"

"proposition"

IF-THEN \rightarrow

IFF \leftrightarrow

TRUTH TABLES

TRUTH TABLES

If P is a proposition then so is $\neg P$.

Any proposition is either true (T) or false (F)

TRUTH TABLES

If P is a proposition then so is $\neg P$.

Any proposition is either true (T) or false (F)

but P and $\neg P$ can't both be T, or both F.

TRUTH TABLES

If P is a proposition then so is $\neg P$.

Any proposition is either true (T) or false (F)

but P and $\neg P$ can't both be T, or both F.

If we know one, we know the other

P	$\neg P$
T	F
F	T

Recall : "it's raining" and "it's cloudy" are not propositions. ← can vary

Recall: "it's raining" and "it's cloudy" are not propositions. ← can vary
"if it's raining then it's cloudy" is a proposition. It's always true.
"if it's raining then it's not cloudy" is a proposition. It's always false.

Recall: "it's raining" and "it's cloudy" are not propositions. ← can vary

"if it's raining then it's cloudy" is a proposition. It's always true.

"if it's raining then it's not cloudy" is a proposition. It's always false.

P = "it's raining" Q = "it's cloudy"

P & Q are Boolean variables

Recall: "it's raining" and "it's cloudy" are not propositions. ← can vary
"if it's raining then it's cloudy" is a proposition. It's always true.
"if it's raining then it's not cloudy" is a proposition. It's always false.

P = "it's raining" Q = "it's cloudy"

P & Q are Boolean variables

George Boole, 1840's

Recall: "it's raining" and "it's cloudy" are not propositions. ← can vary
"if it's raining then it's cloudy" is a proposition. It's always true.
"if it's raining then it's not cloudy" is a proposition. It's always false.

P = "it's raining" Q = "it's cloudy"

P & Q are Boolean variables aka propositional variables
that can be used in other statements, e.g., (P AND Q)
"it is raining and cloudy"

Recall: "it's raining" and "it's cloudy" are not propositions. ← can vary
"if it's raining then it's cloudy" is a proposition. It's always true.
"if it's raining then it's not cloudy" is a proposition. It's always false.

P = "it's raining" Q = "it's cloudy"

P & Q are Boolean variables aka propositional variables
that can be used in other statements, e.g., (P AND Q)
"it is raining and cloudy"

P	Q	P AND Q
T	T	
T	F	
F	T	
F	F	

Recall: "it's raining" and "it's cloudy" are not propositions. ← can vary
"if it's raining then it's cloudy" is a proposition. It's always true.
"if it's raining then it's not cloudy" is a proposition. It's always false.

P = "it's raining" Q = "it's cloudy"

P & Q are Boolean variables aka propositional variables
that can be used in other statements, e.g., (P AND Q)

P	Q	P AND Q
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	F

"it is raining and cloudy"

only one way
for this to happen

$P = \text{"it's raining"}$

$Q = \text{"it's cloudy"}$

$P \text{ OR } Q$

$\text{"it is raining or cloudy"}$

P = "it's raining"

Q = "it's cloudy"

P OR Q

"it is raining or cloudy"

don't care which

P OR Q

don't care which

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	?
T	F	?
F	T	?
F	F	?

Let's fill in a truth table
without caring about what P & Q mean

P OR Q

don't care which

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

P = "it's raining"

Q = "it's cloudy"

P OR Q

"it is raining or cloudy"

don't care which

CONTEXT RESTORED

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

P = "it's raining"

Q = "it's cloudy"

P OR Q

"it is raining or cloudy"

don't care which

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F



this combination can't happen!

We know that $P \rightarrow Q$ in our example.

P = "it's raining"

Q = "it's cloudy"

P OR Q

"it is raining or cloudy"

don't care which

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F



this combination can't happen!

We know that $P \rightarrow Q$ in our example.

Is the truth table wrong or invalid?

Could have asked the same for P AND Q

P = "it's raining"

Q = "it's cloudy"

P OR Q

"it is raining or cloudy"

don't care which

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

→ this combination can't happen!

We know that $P \rightarrow Q$ in our example.

Is the truth table wrong or invalid?

↪ Could have asked the same for P AND Q

↪ No. This is the truth table for OR.

P = "it's raining"

Q = "it's cloudy"

P OR Q

"it is raining or cloudy"

don't care which

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

→ this combination can't happen!

We know that $P \rightarrow Q$ in our example.

Is the truth table wrong or invalid?

Could have asked the same for P AND Q

↪ No. This is the truth table for OR.

All combinations are considered. Context & extra info isn't.

$P \text{ OR } Q$

don't care which is true

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

$P \text{ OR } Q$

don't care which is true

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

compare this to:

- "either P or Q but not both"
- "precisely one of P, Q"
- "exclusively one of P or Q"

$P \text{ OR } Q$

don't care which is true

P	Q	P OR Q
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

compare this to:

- "either P or Q but not both"
- "precisely one of P, Q"
- "exclusively one of P or Q"
- $P \text{ XOR } Q$

$P \text{ OR } Q$

don't care which is true

compare this to:

- "either P or Q but not both"
- "precisely one of P, Q"
- "exclusively one of P or Q"
- $P \text{ XOR } Q$

P	Q	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

P	Q	$P \text{ XOR } Q$
T	T	● F ●
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q \text{ and } Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q
T	T	?
T	F	
F	T	
F	F	

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q \text{ and } Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q
T	T	T
T	F	?
F	T	?
F	F	

consistent

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q \text{ and } Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	?

} consistent
inconsistent

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q \text{ and } Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	T

} consistent
inconsistent

why?

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q$ and $Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q	
T	T	T	consistent
T	F	F	
F	T	F	
F	F	T	inconsistent

?

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: dogs can talk (F)

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q$ and $Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	T

} consistent
inconsistent

?

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: dogs can talk (F)

$P \text{ IFF } Q$:

$P \rightarrow Q$

and

$Q \rightarrow P$

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q$ and $Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	T

} consistent
inconsistent

?

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: dogs can talk (F)

$P \text{ IFF } Q$:

and if pigs can fly then dogs can talk
if dogs can talk then pigs can fly

$P \text{ IFF } Q$

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

$P \rightarrow Q$ and $Q \rightarrow P$

P	Q	P IFF Q	
T	T	T	} consistent inconsistent
T	F	F	
F	T	F	
F	F	T	

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: dogs can talk (F)

$P \text{ IFF } Q$: This is true! (when P, Q are F)
and if pigs can fly then dogs can talk
if dogs can talk then pigs can fly

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	?
T	F	?
F	T	
F	F	

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	?
F	F	?

consistent
inconsistent

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

} ?

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

} ?

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

Maybe I do, maybe I don't

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

} ?

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

$P \rightarrow Q$:

if pigs can fly then I like apples

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

$P \rightarrow Q$: This is true! (when P is F)
if pigs can fly then I like apples
It doesn't matter if I like apples or not

vacuous truth

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

$P \rightarrow Q$: This is true! (when P is F)
if pigs can fly then I like apples
It doesn't matter if I like apples or not

If it doesn't matter/apply, why bother considering these cases?

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

$P \rightarrow Q$: This is true! (when P is F)
if pigs can fly then I like apples
It doesn't matter if I like apples or not

→ If it doesn't matter/apply, why bother considering these cases?
→ It is often important to simplify statements with Boolean variables
Example coming soon

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

$P \rightarrow Q$: This is true! (when P is F)
if pigs can fly then I like apples
It doesn't matter if I like apples

Example 2:

P: \exists life on Mars F? T?

Q: I like basketball (T)

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

$P \rightarrow Q$: This is true! (when P is F)
if pigs can fly then I like apples
It doesn't matter if I like apples

Example 2:

P: \exists life on Mars F? T?

Q: I like basketball (T)

$P \rightarrow Q$:

if \exists life on Mars then I like basketball

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

	P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
●	T	T ●	T
	T	F	F
●	F	T ●	T
	F	F	T

consistent
inconsistent

Example:

P: pigs can fly (F)

Q: I like apples F? T?

$P \rightarrow Q$: This is true! (when P is F)
if pigs can fly then I like apples
It doesn't matter if I like apples

Example 2:

P: \exists life on Mars F? T?

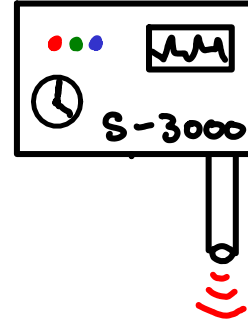
Q: I like basketball (T)

$P \rightarrow Q$: This is true! (when Q is T)
if \exists life on Mars then I like basketball
It doesn't matter if there is life on Mars

A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables.

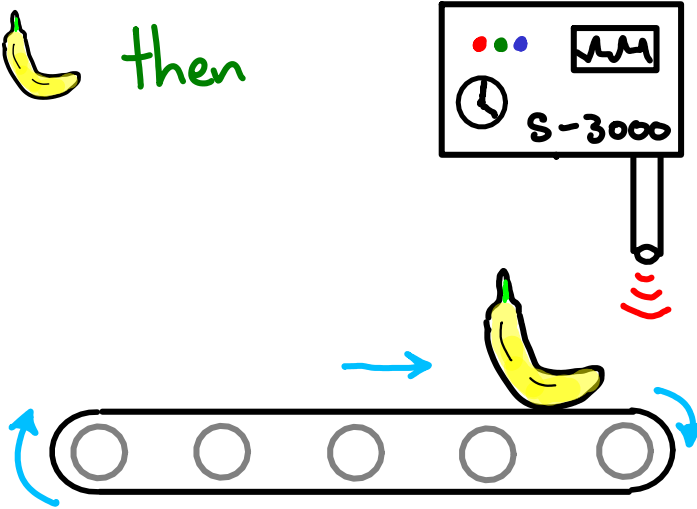
P_1

P_2



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

P_2

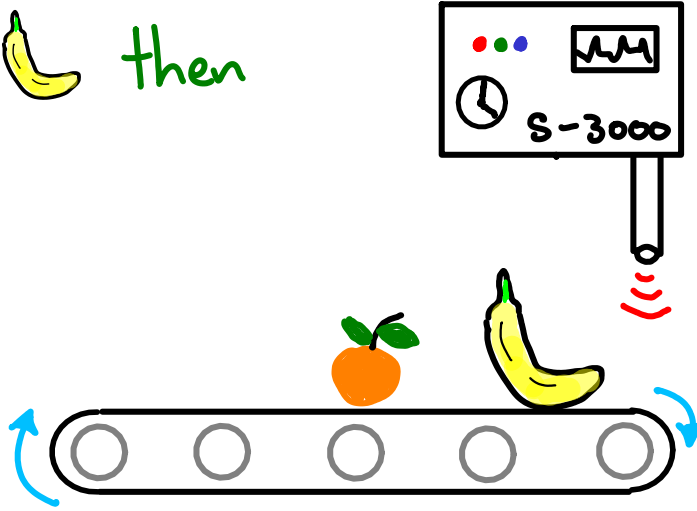


A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then

$P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then

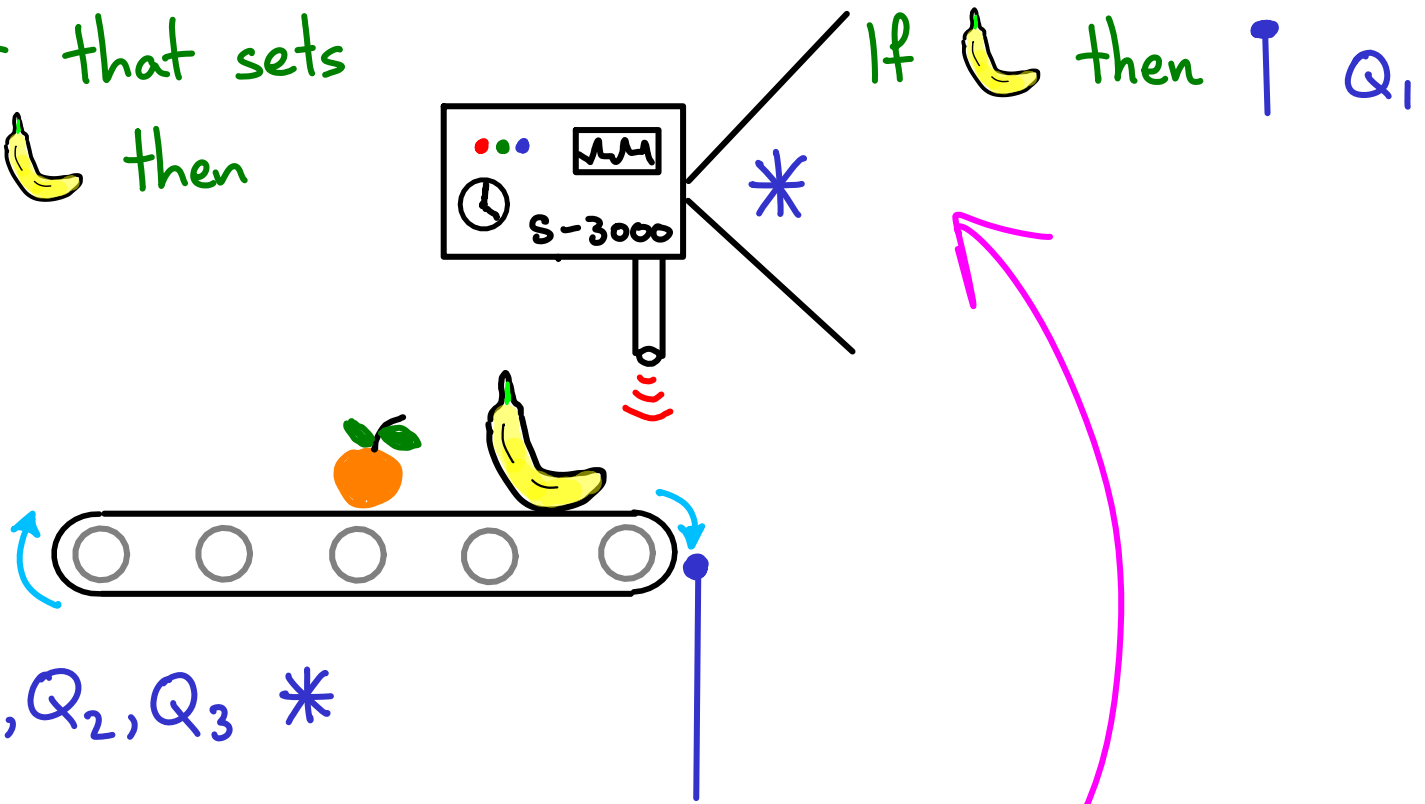
$P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

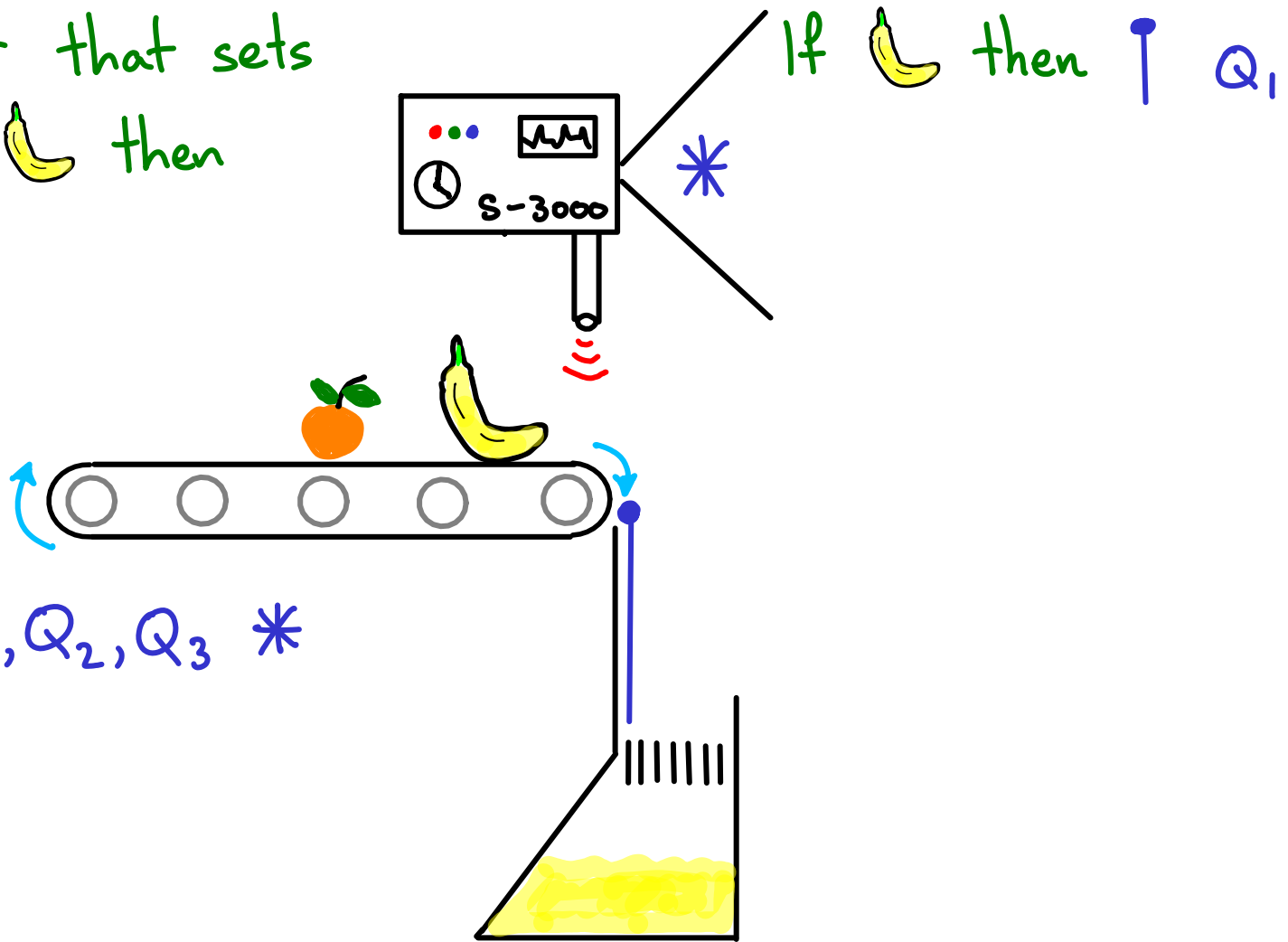
Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

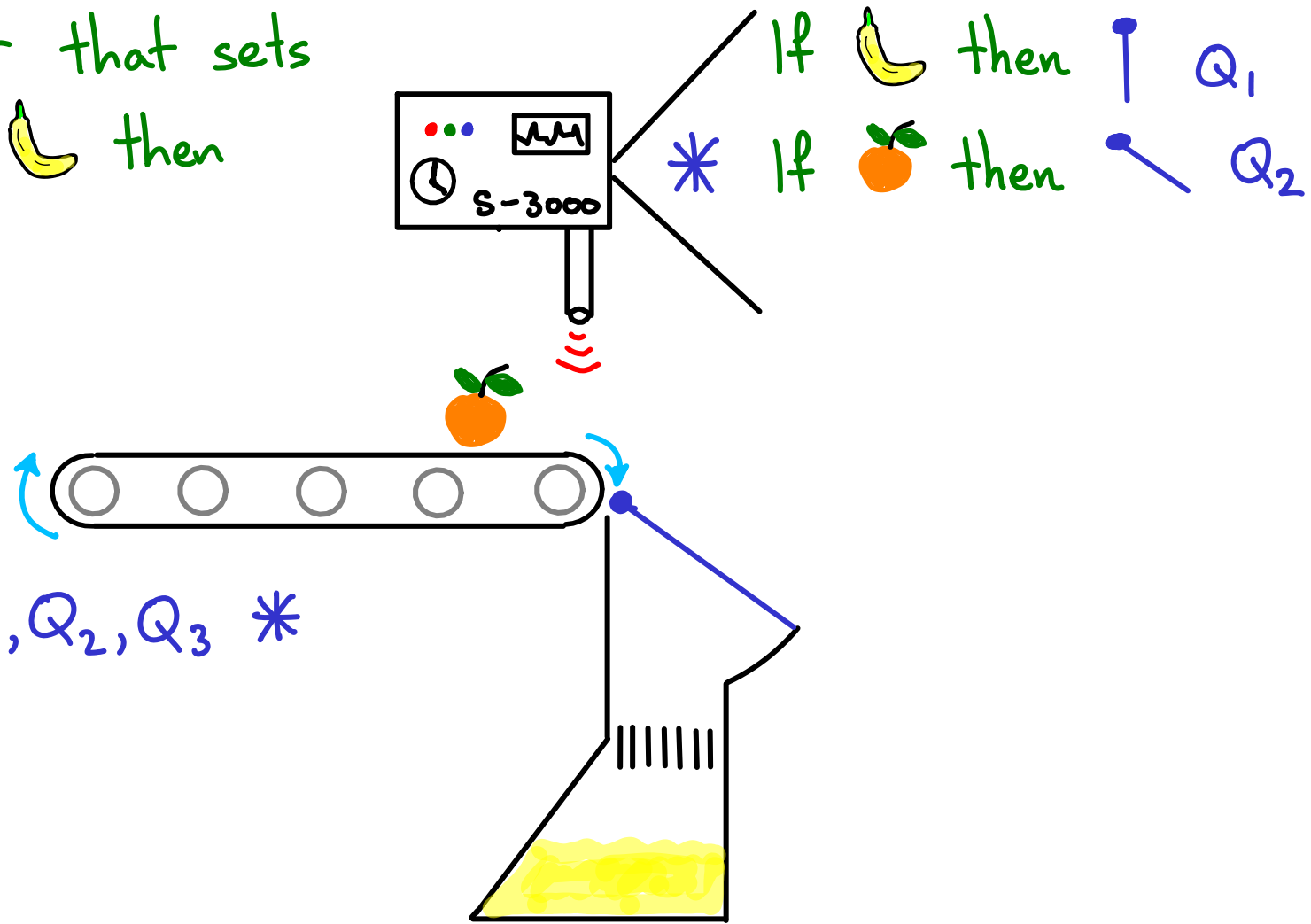
Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

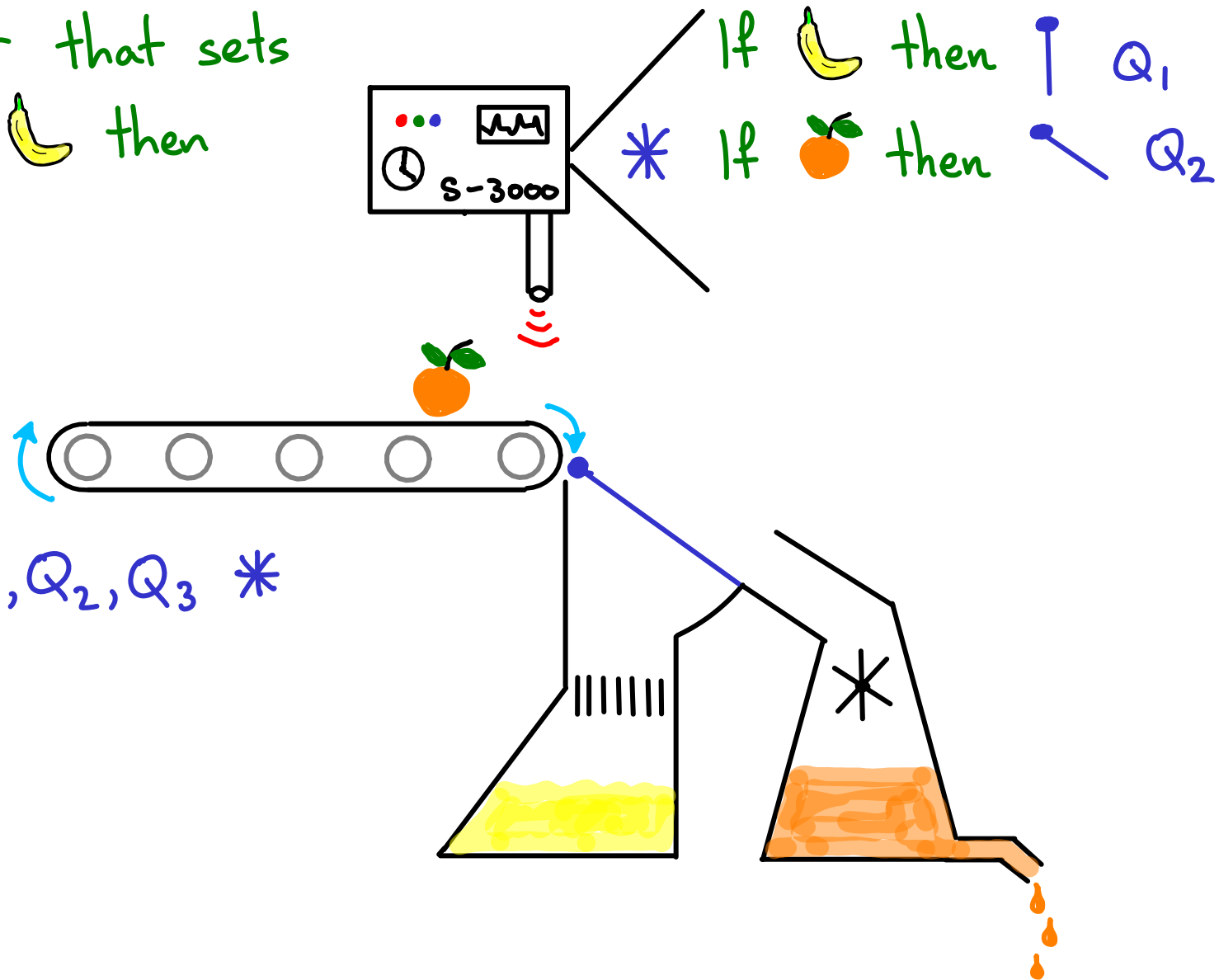
Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

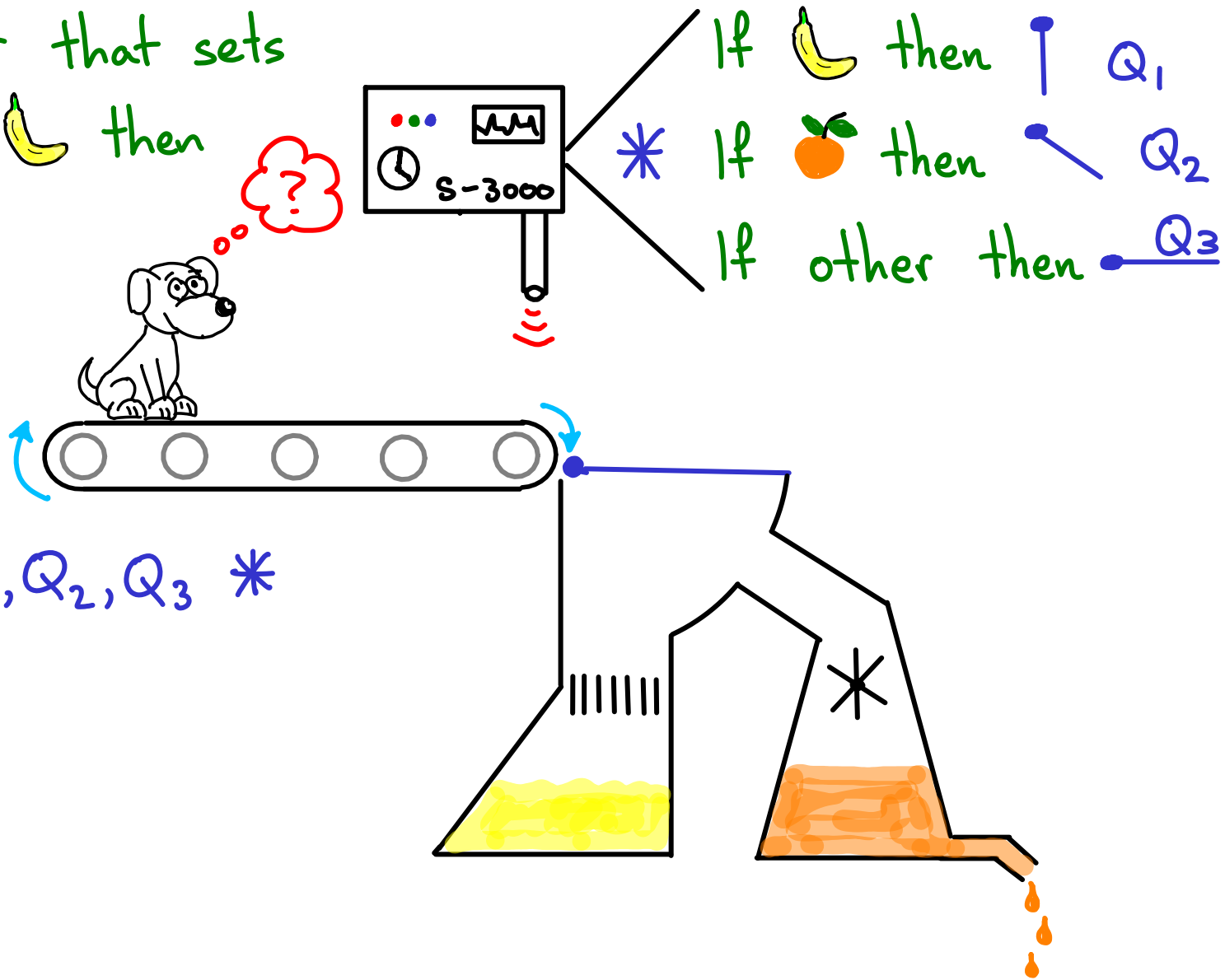
Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

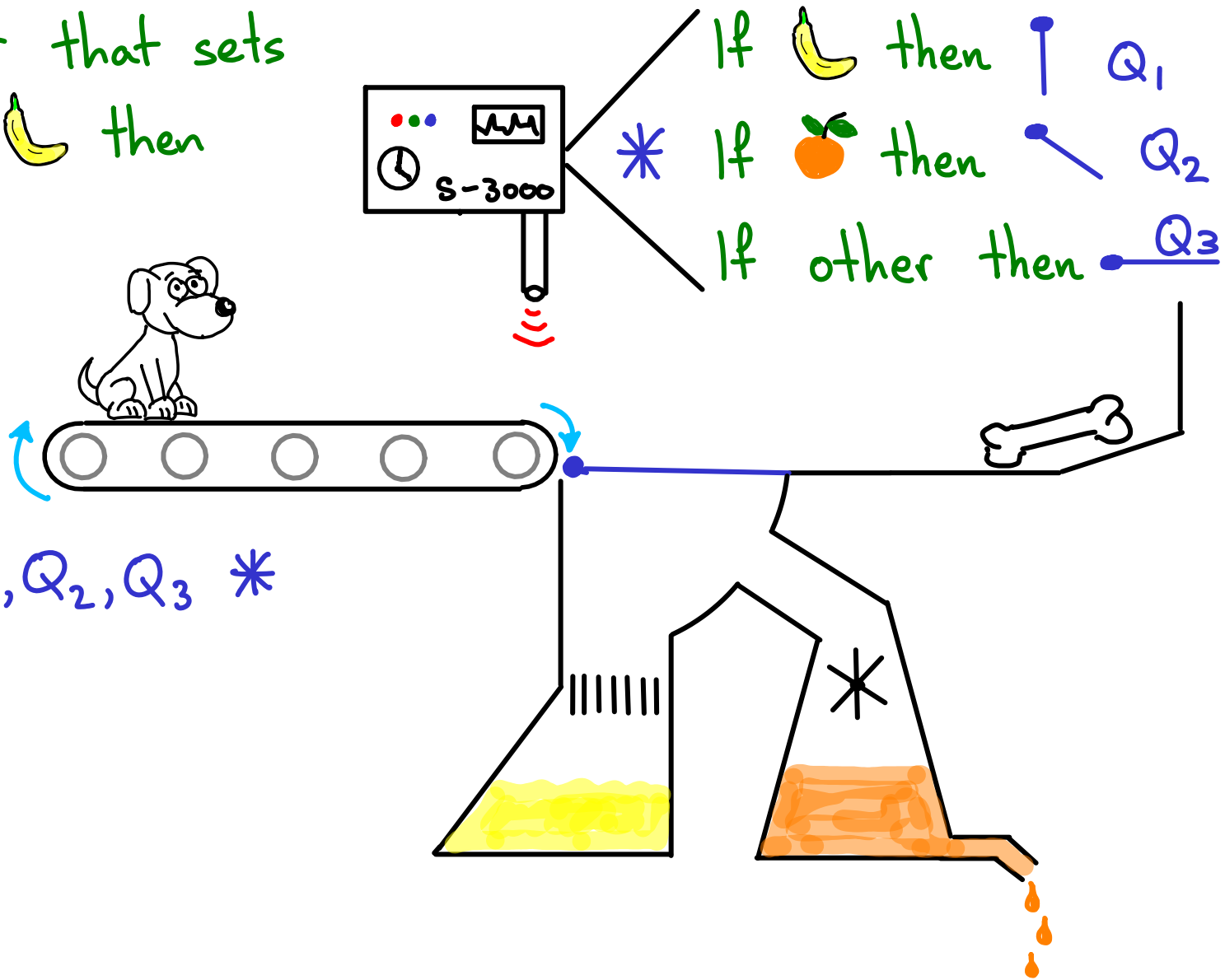
Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *

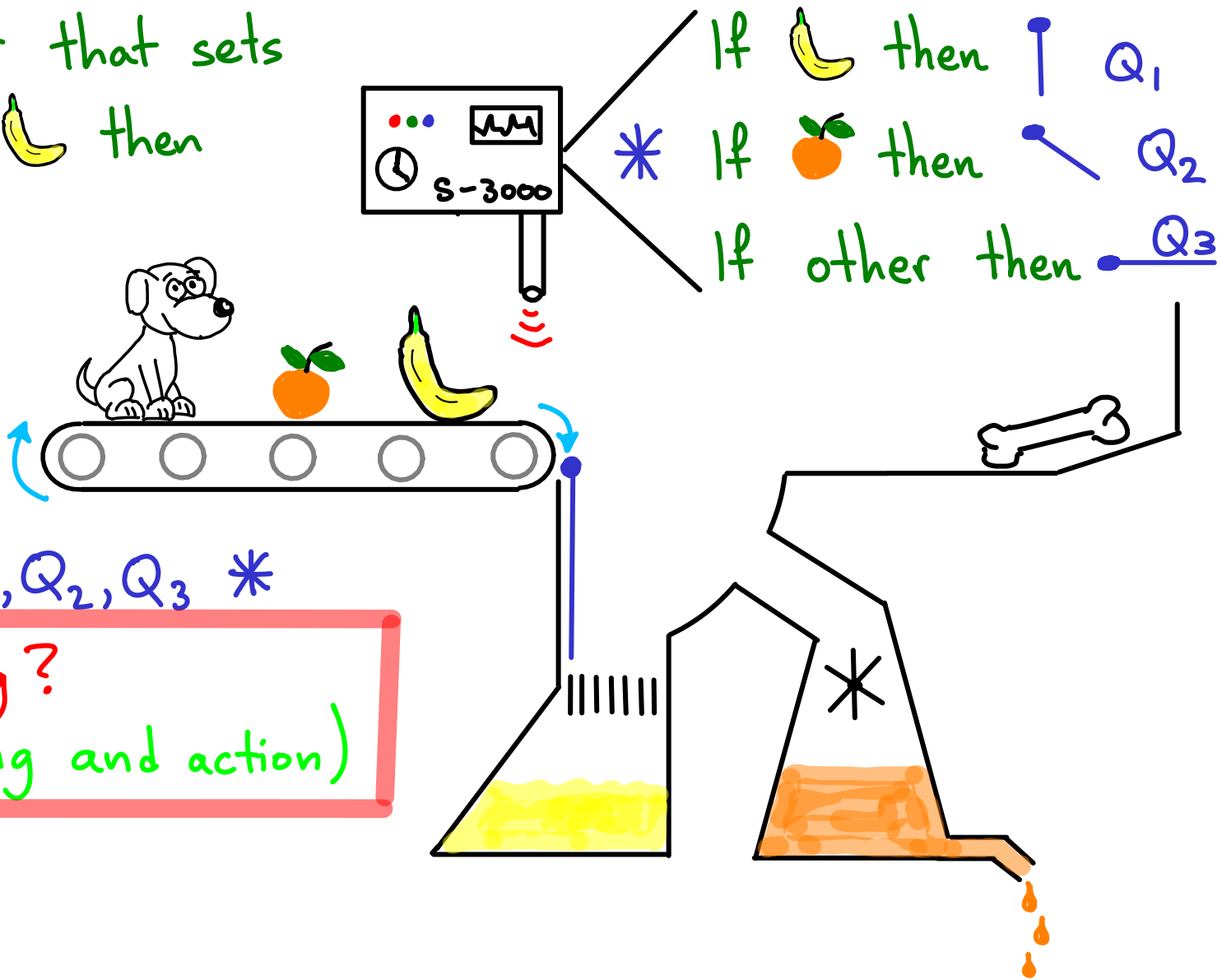


A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *

Is the machine working?
(given a sensor reading and action)



A machine has a sensor that sets
2 variables. If it senses 🍌 then
 $P_1 = T$, otherwise $P_1 = F$.

If it senses 🍊 then
 $P_2 = T$, otherwise $P_2 = F$.

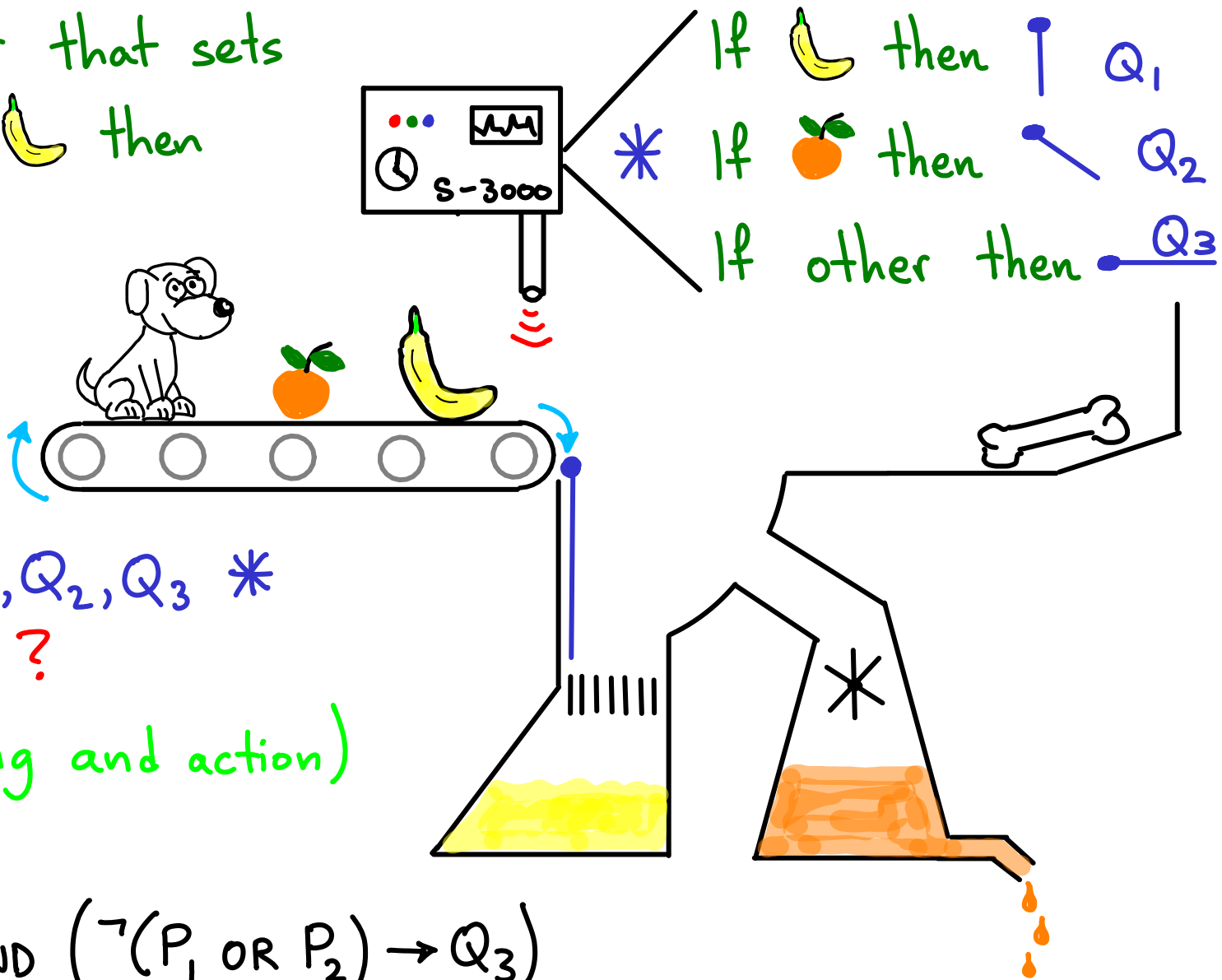
Also, 3 desired actions, Q_1, Q_2, Q_3 *

Is the machine working?

(given a sensor reading and action)

→ Evaluate:

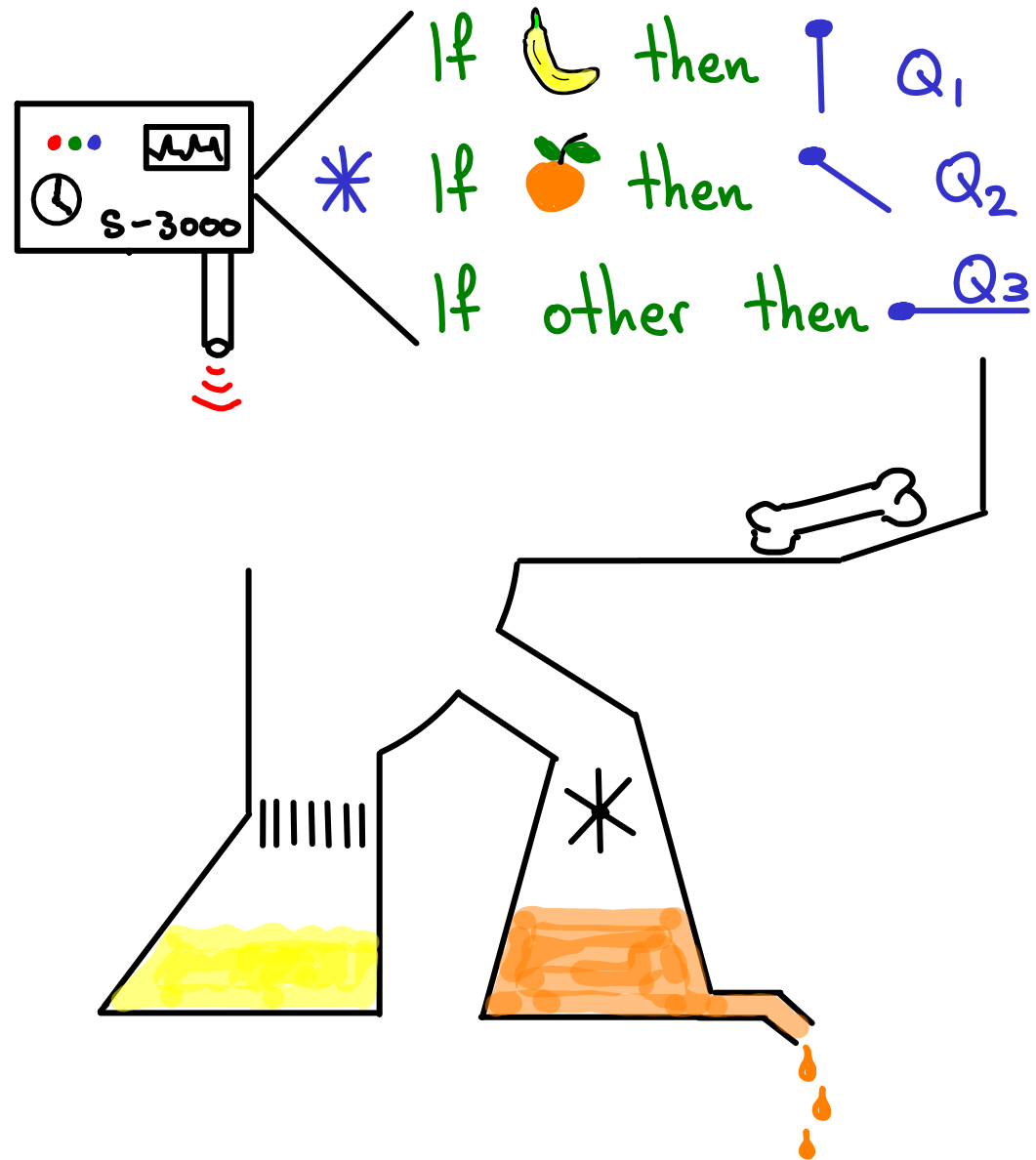
$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1) \text{ AND } (P_2 \rightarrow Q_2) \text{ AND } (\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$
AND
 $(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$
AND
 $(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

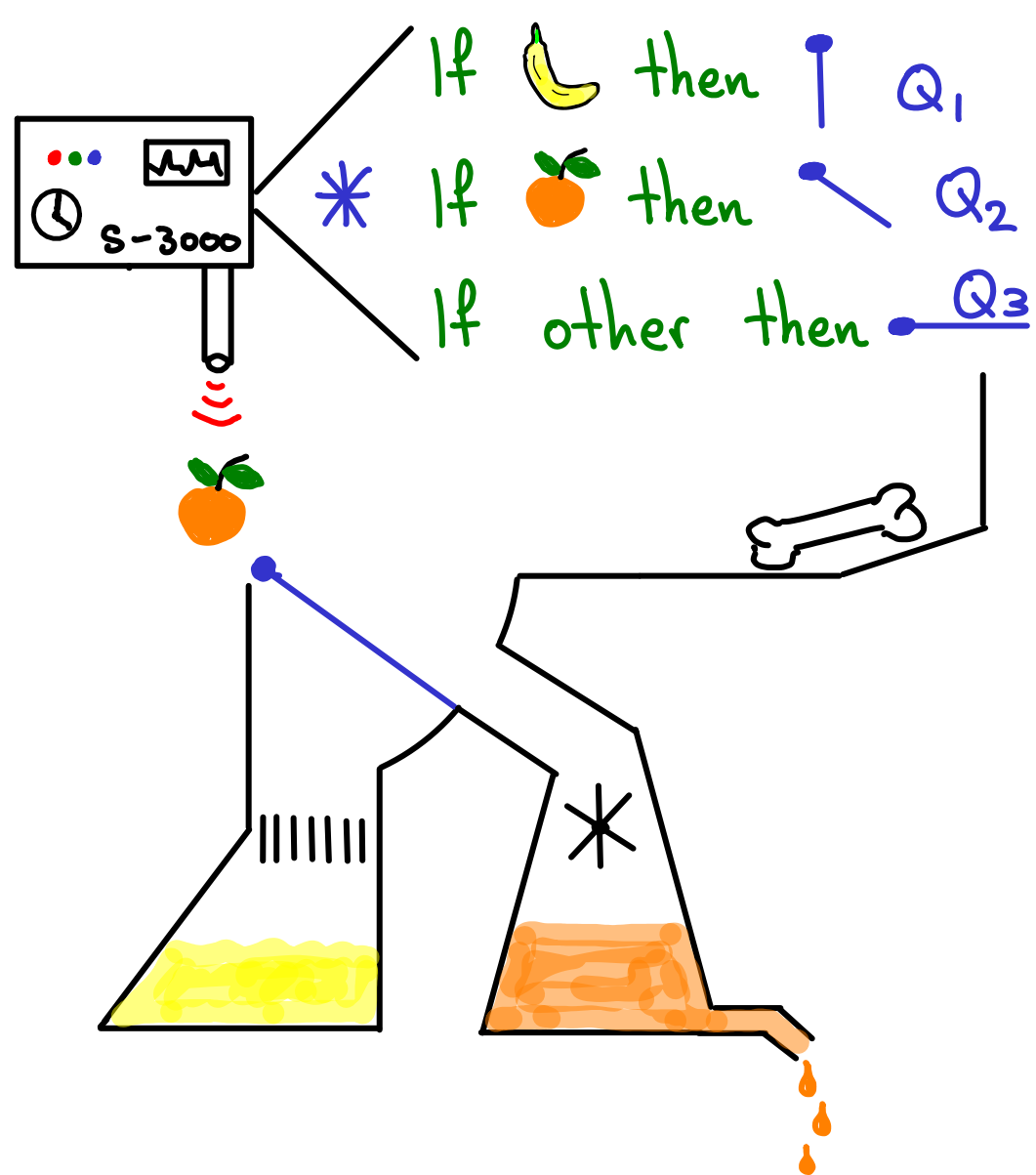
$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$


AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

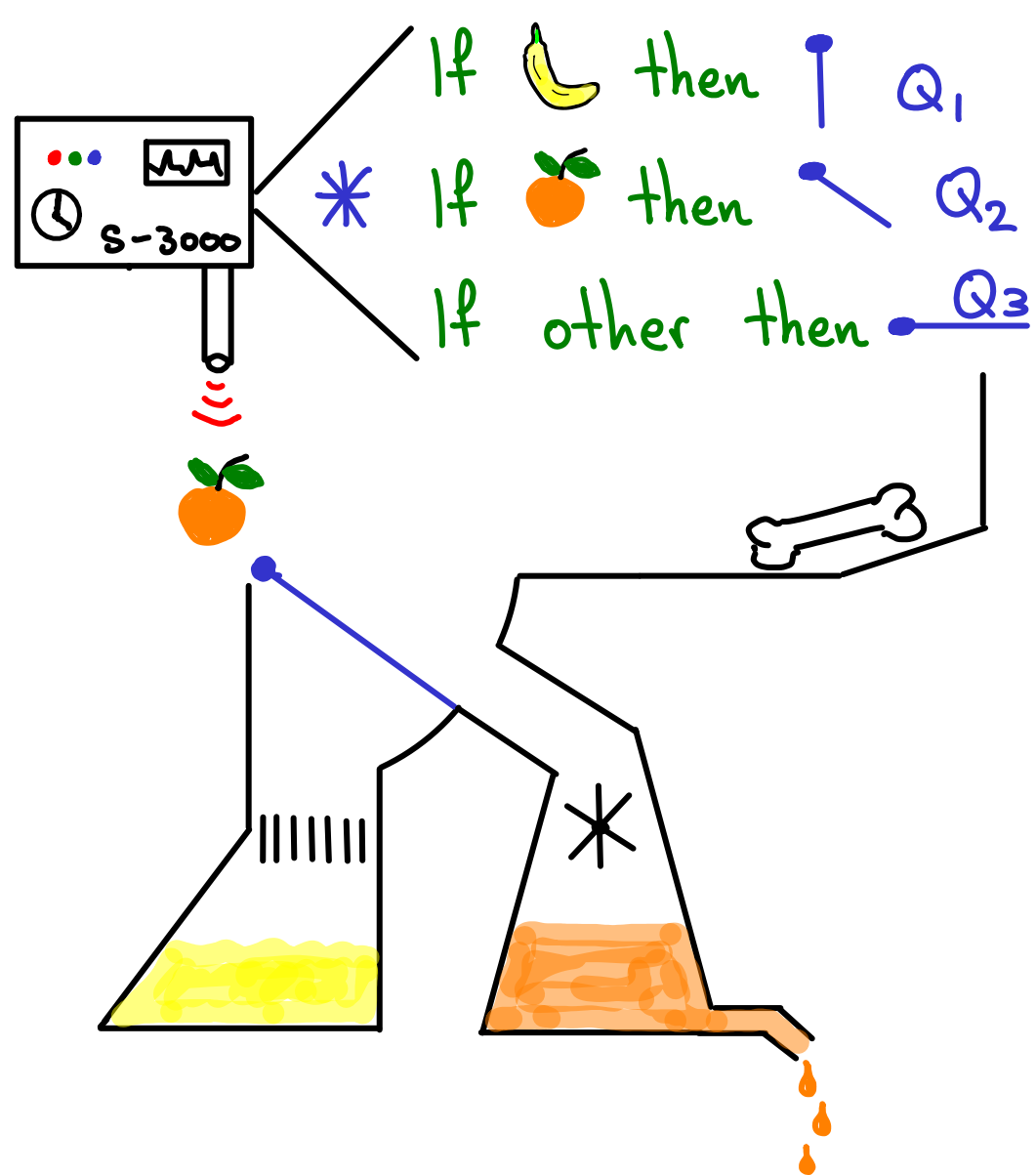
$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$


AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$

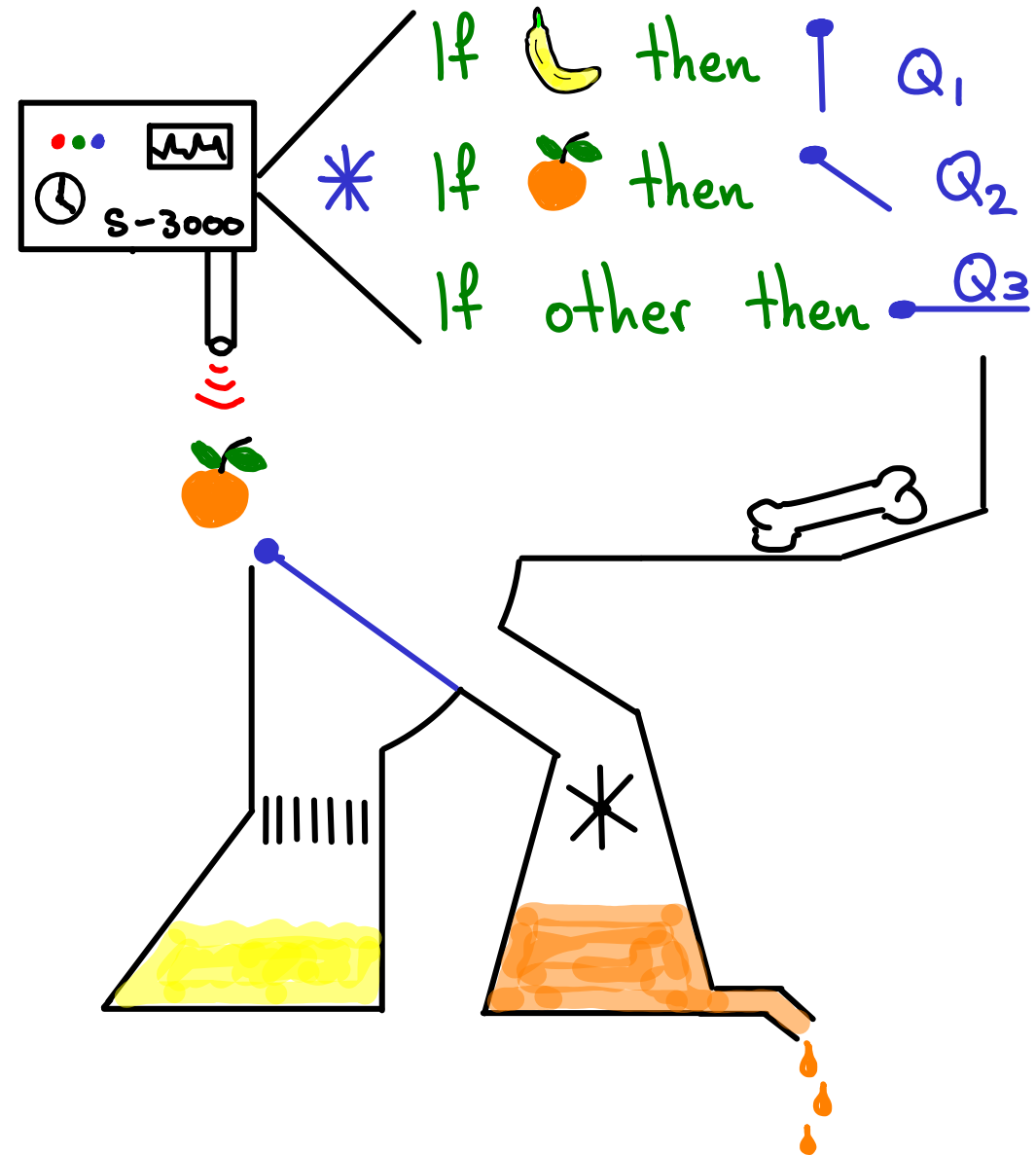
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$

AND


$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



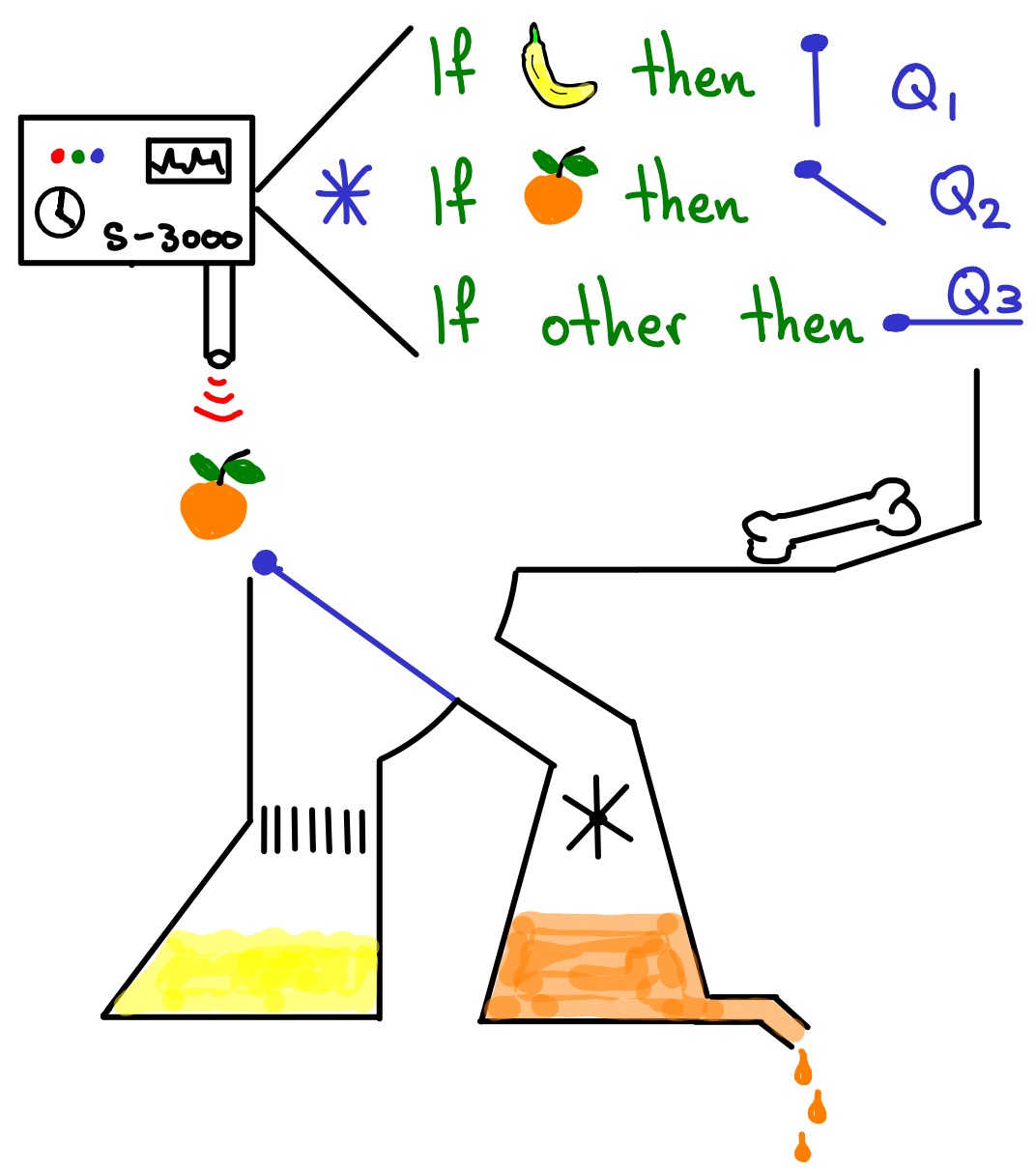
P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 


$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$
 AND
 $(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T$
 AND
 $(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



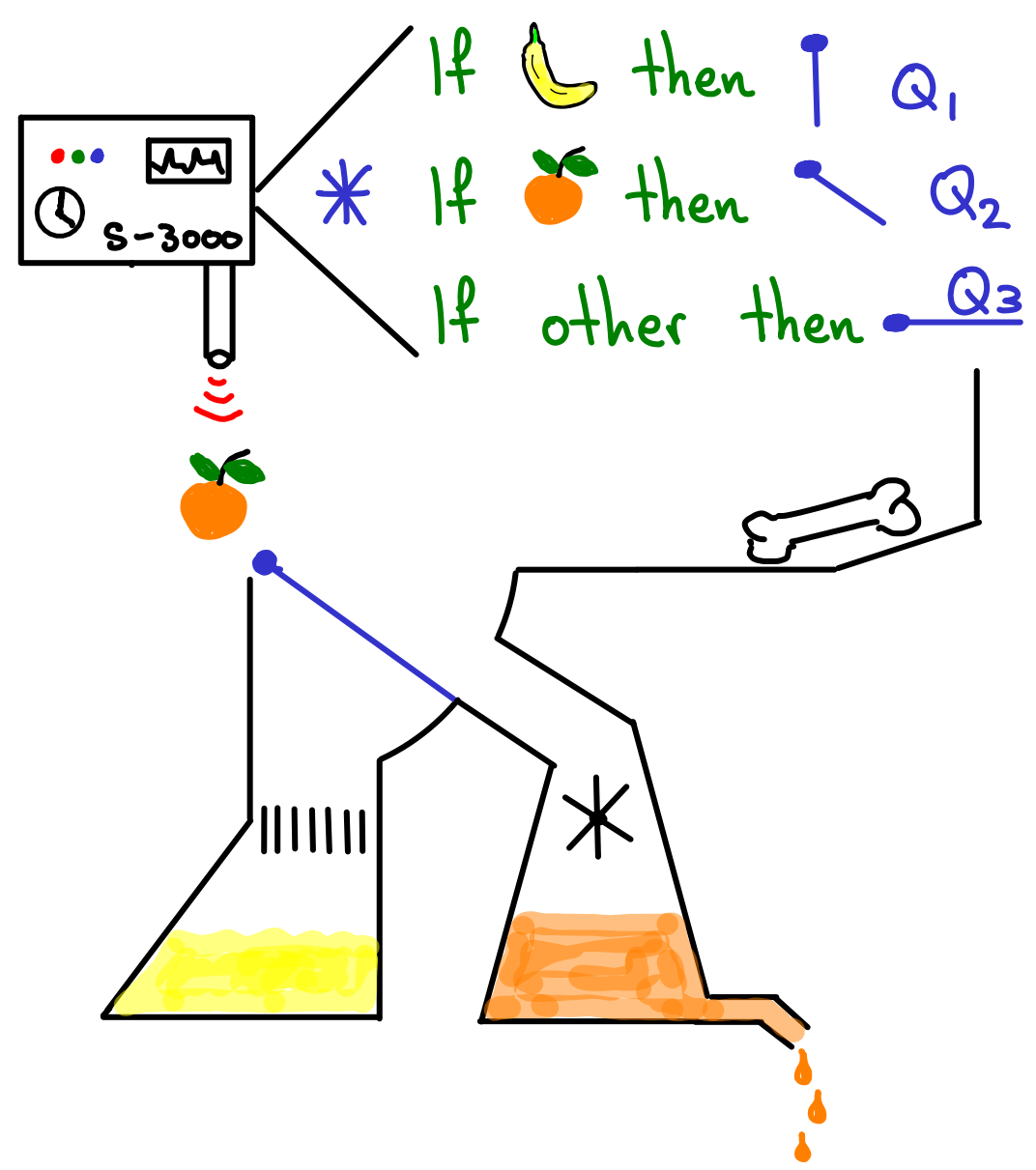
P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$
AND
 $(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$
AND
 $(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F$

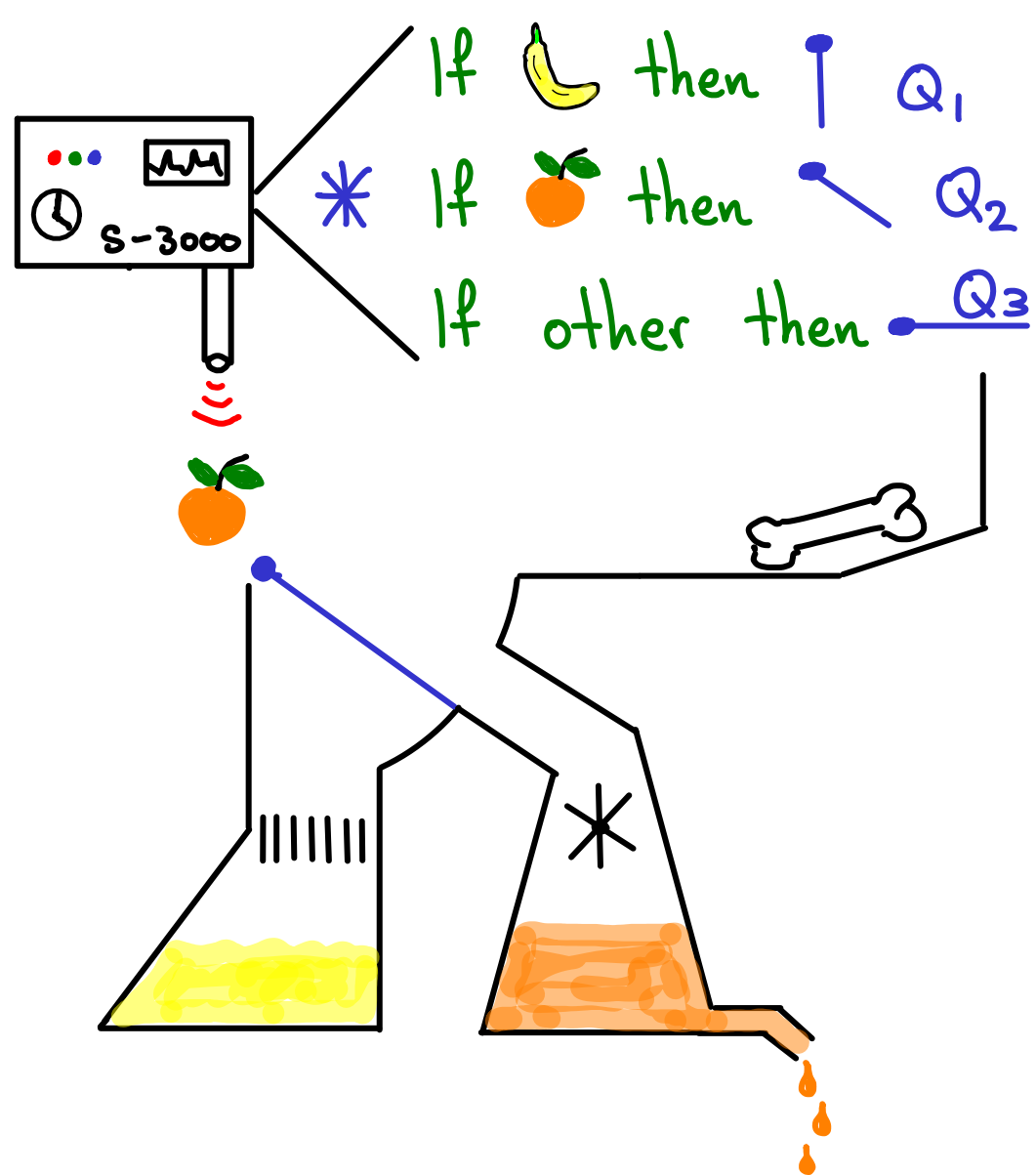
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$

AND


$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F$: T

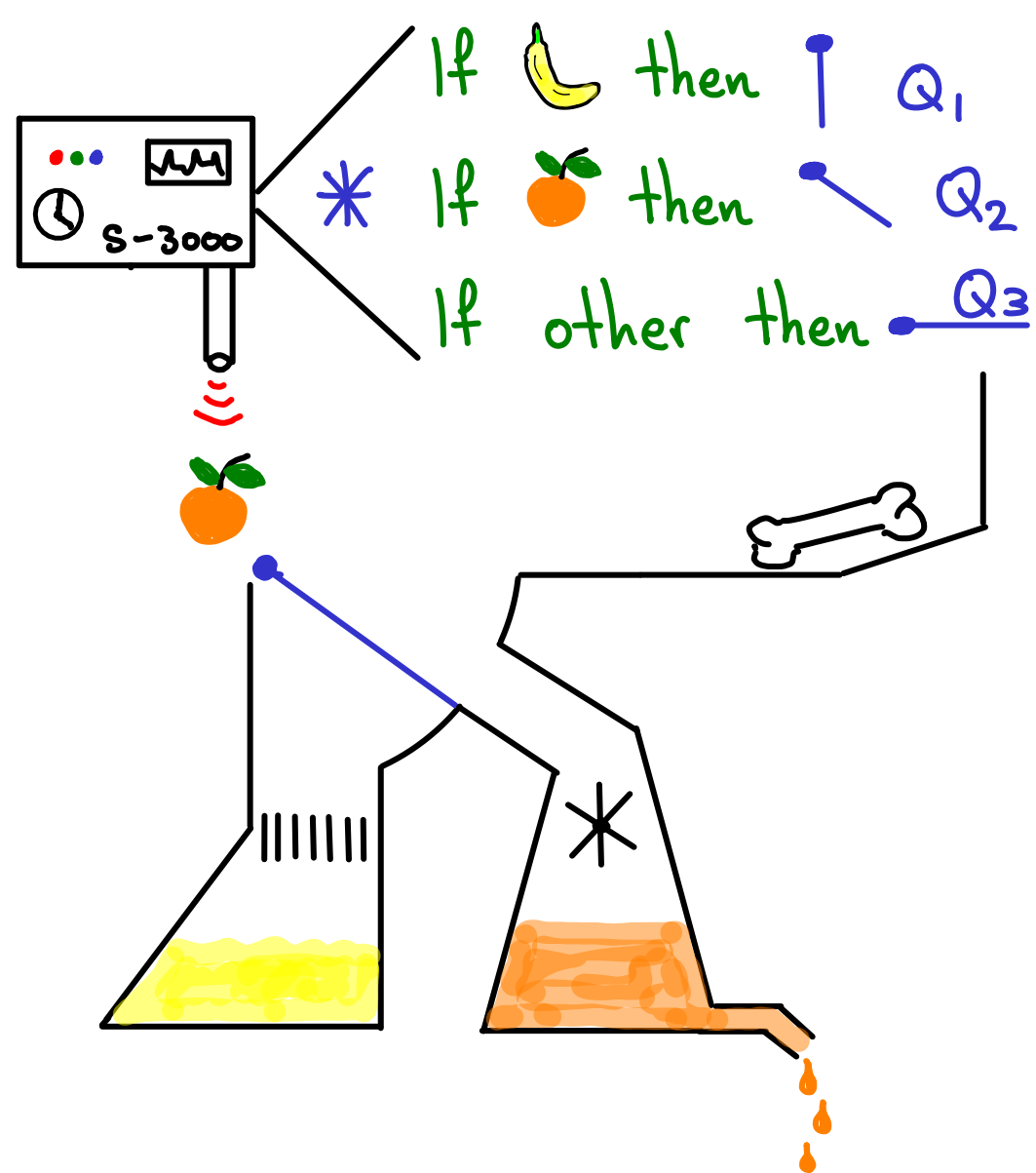
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T$: T

AND


$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

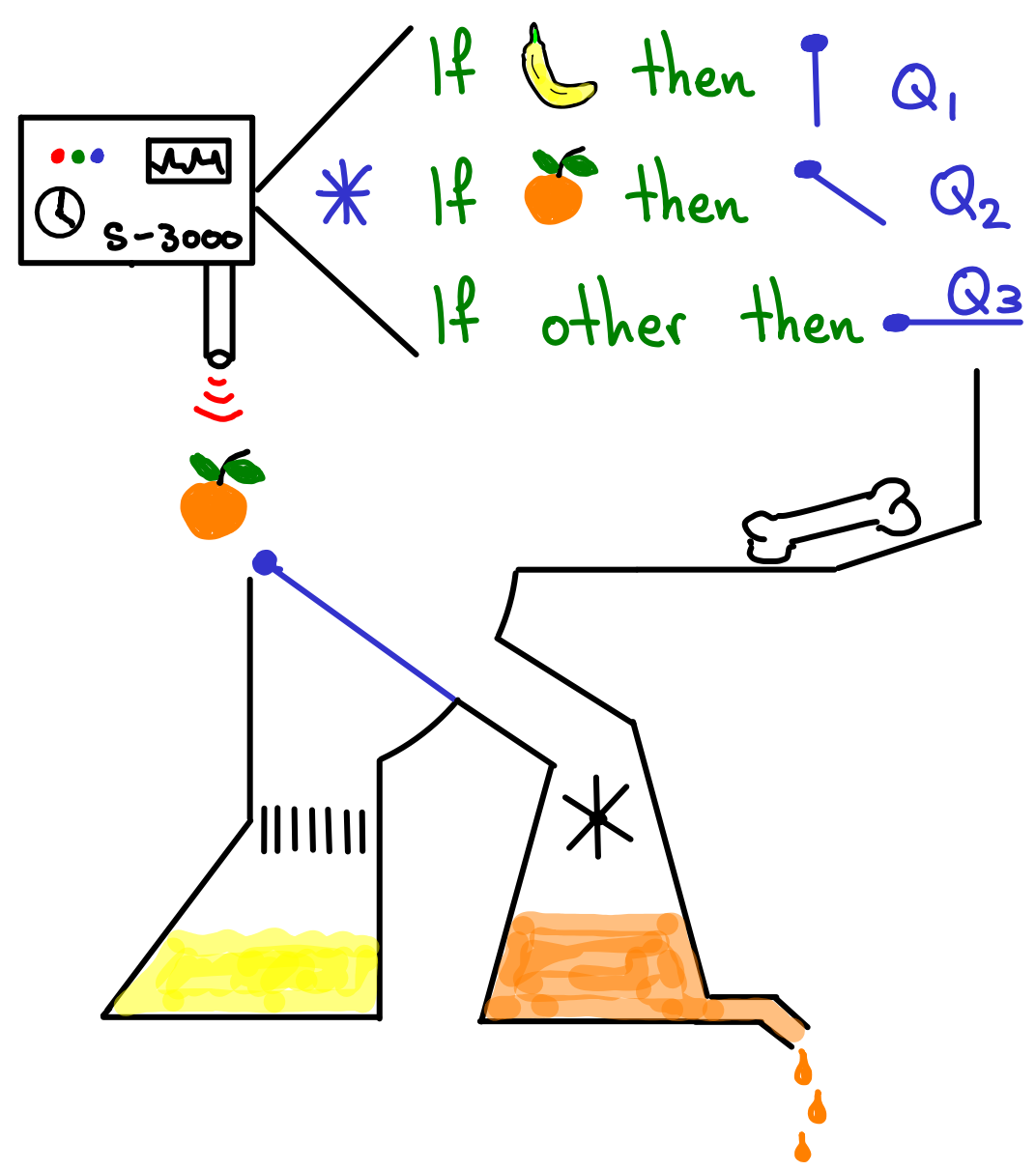
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$

AND


$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ } $\neg(F \text{ OR } T) \rightarrow F$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

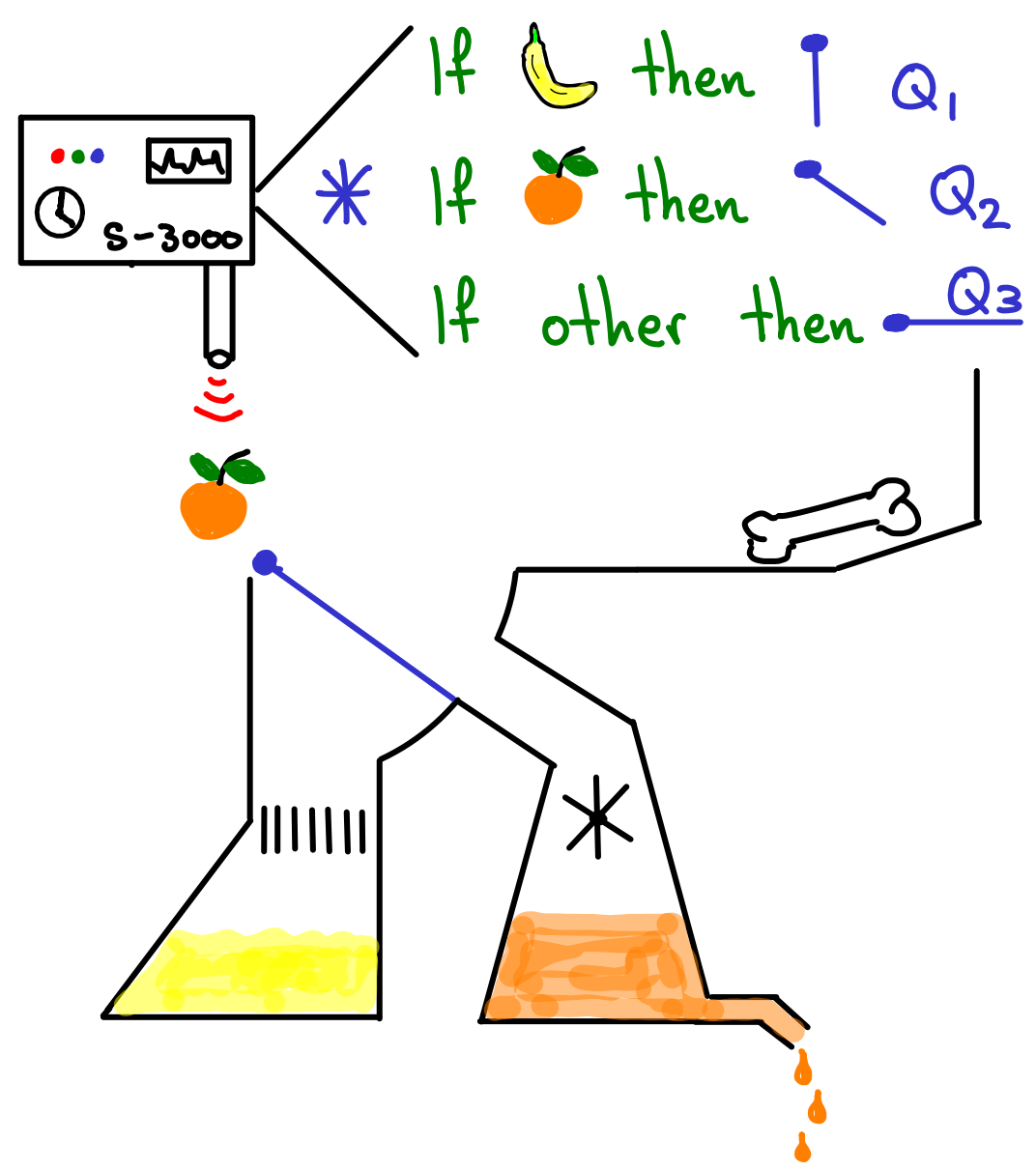
$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }


$\neg(\underline{F \text{ OR } T}) \rightarrow F$
 $\neg \underline{T} \rightarrow F$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
<u>F</u>	<u>T</u>	T	<u>T</u>
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$

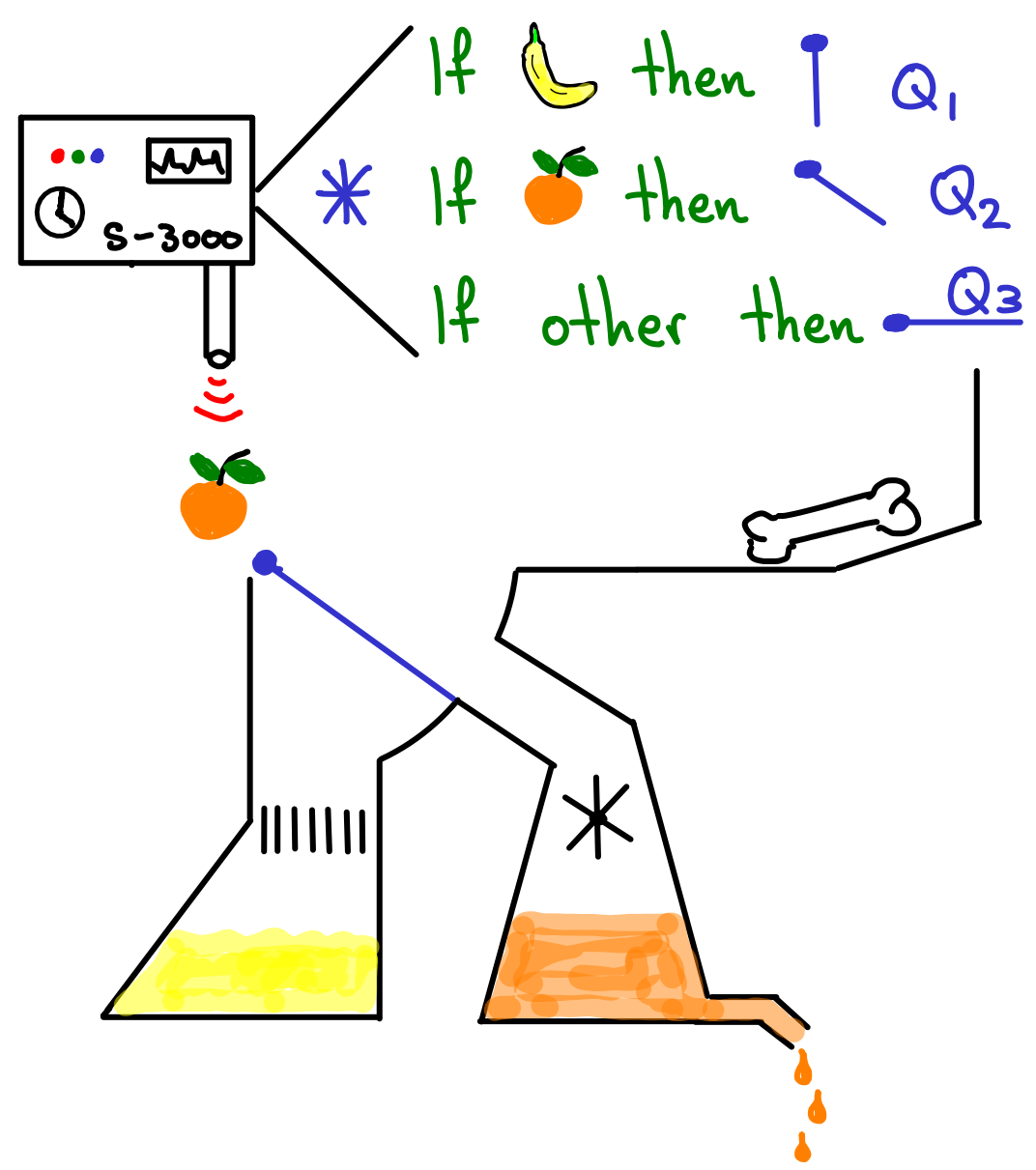
AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

$\neg(F \text{ OR } T) \rightarrow F$


$\neg T \rightarrow F$
 $F \rightarrow F$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$

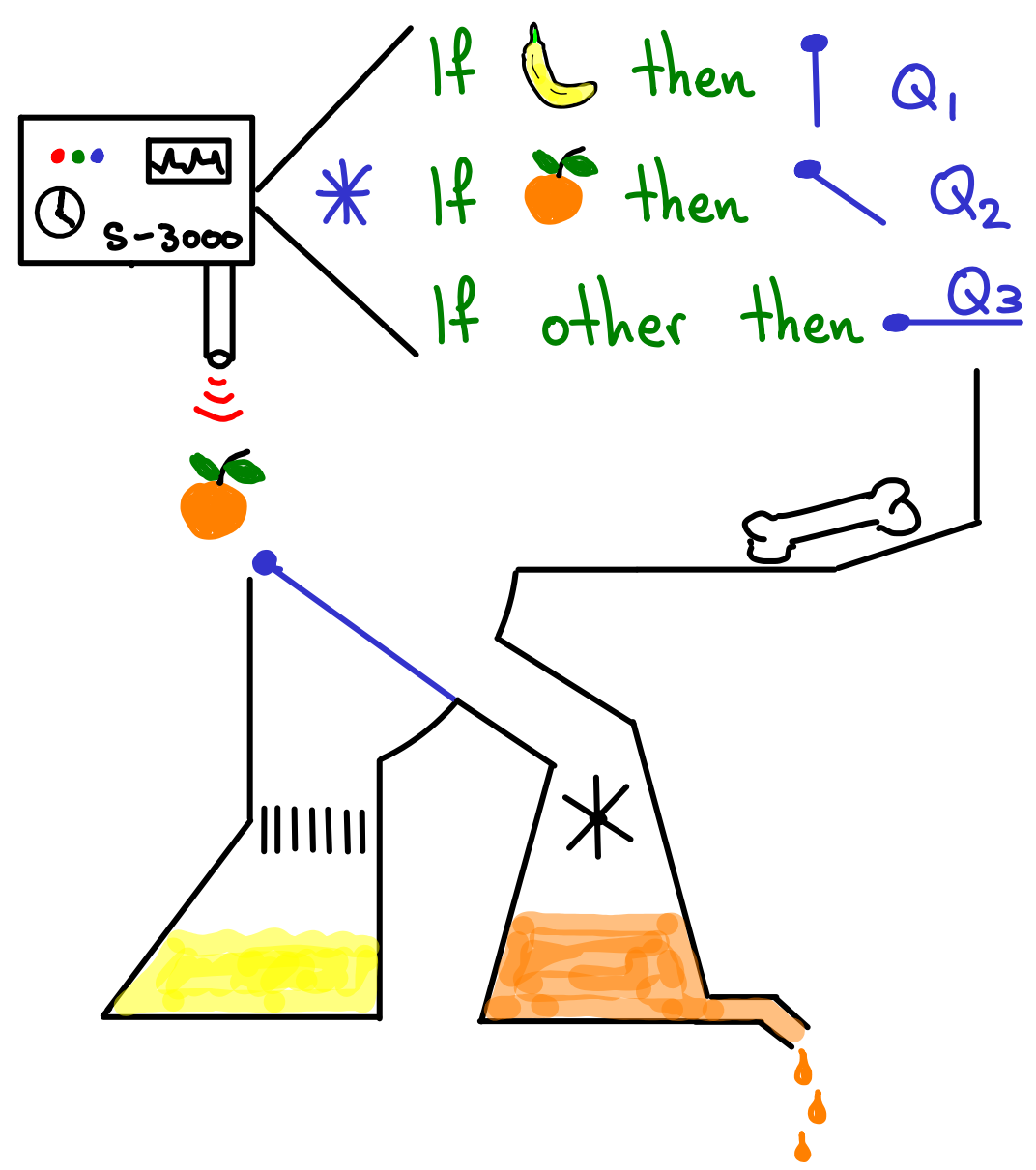
AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

$\neg(F \text{ OR } T) \rightarrow F$


$\neg T \rightarrow F$
 $F \rightarrow F$
T

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

T AND T AND T

$\neg(F \text{ OR } T) \rightarrow F$

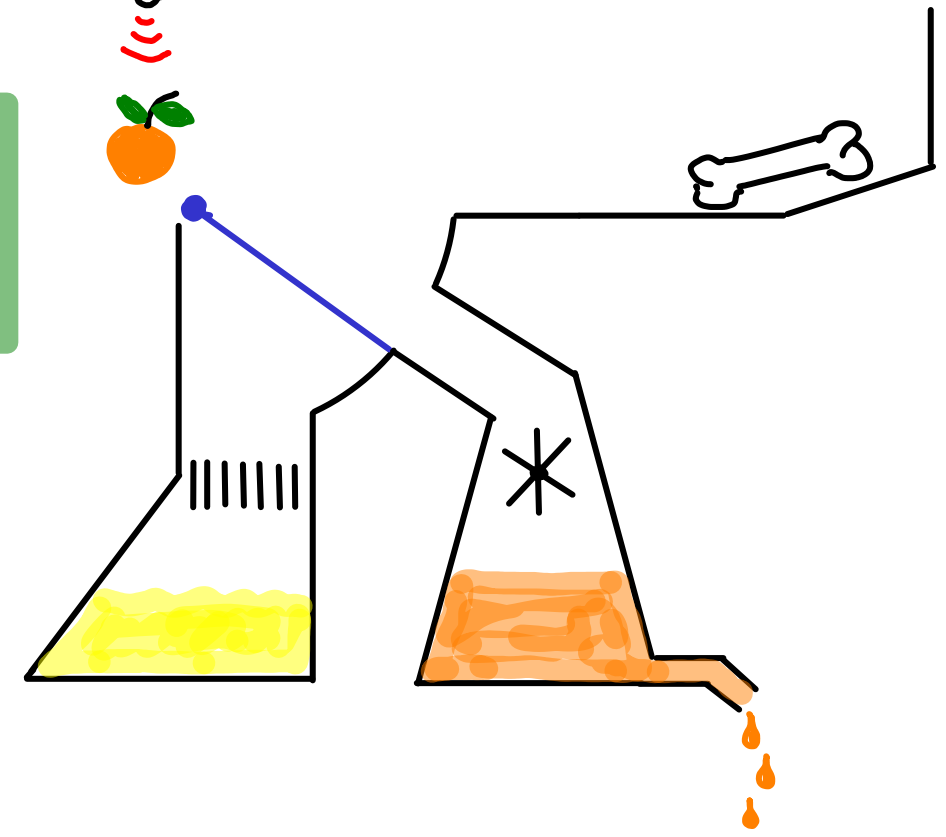
$\neg T \rightarrow F$

$F \rightarrow F$

T



$\text{If } \text{🍌} \text{ then } Q_1$
 $\text{If } \text{🍊} \text{ then } Q_2$
 $\text{If other then } Q_3$



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working? Yes.

e.g., sense 🍊, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $T \rightarrow T : T$

AND




$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

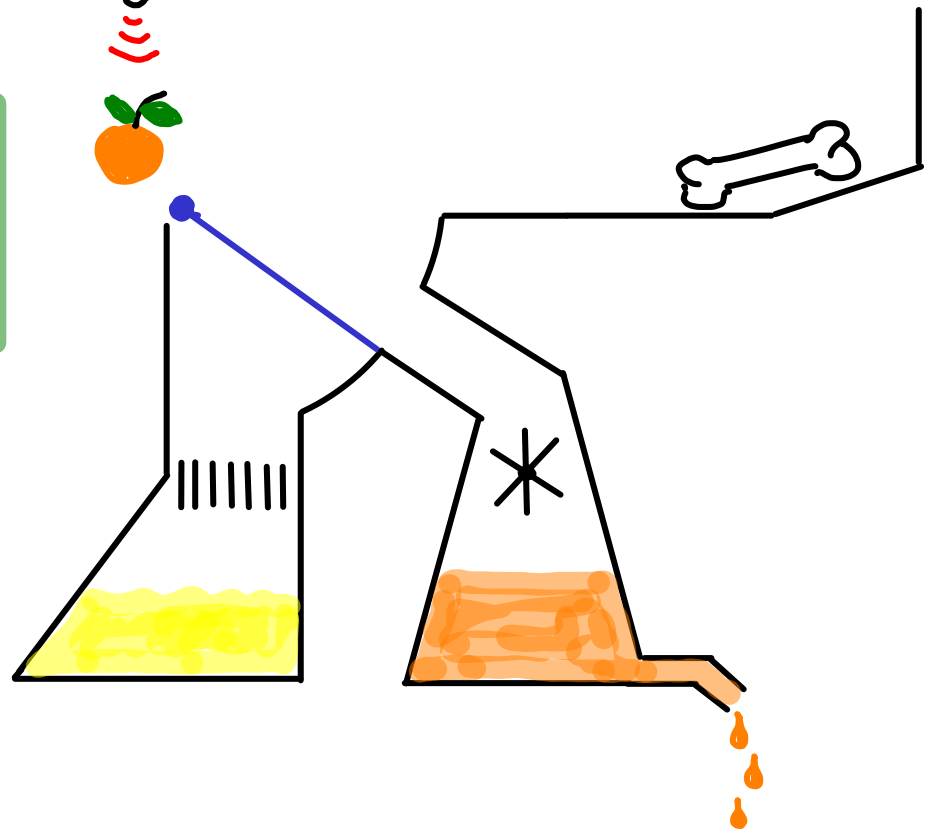
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

$\neg(F \text{ OR } T) \rightarrow F$
 $\neg T \rightarrow F$
 $F \rightarrow F$
 T

T AND T AND T
conclusion: T



If 🍌 then  Q_1
* If 🍊 then  Q_2
If other then  Q_3



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍌, action =

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$

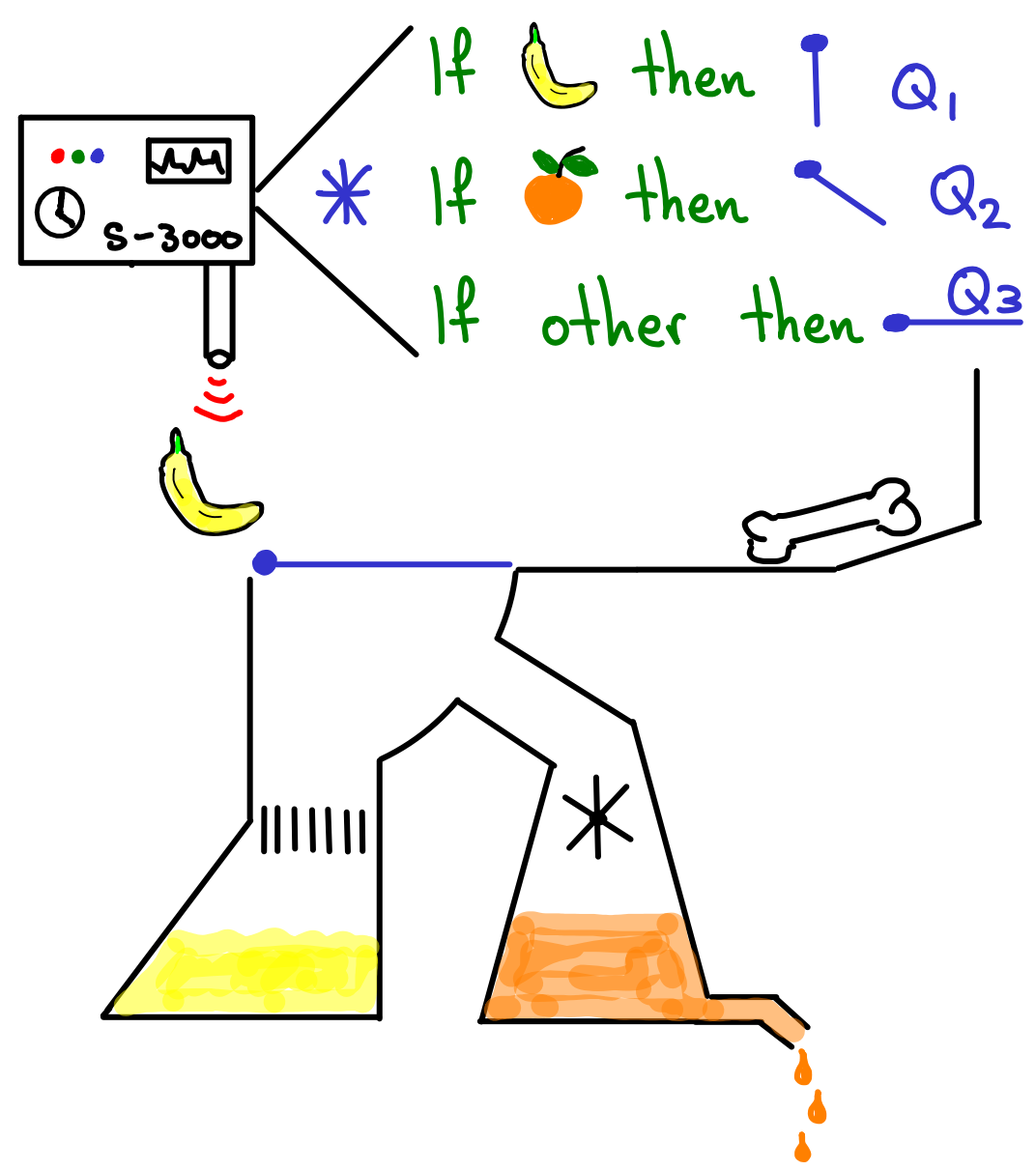
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍌, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $T \rightarrow F$

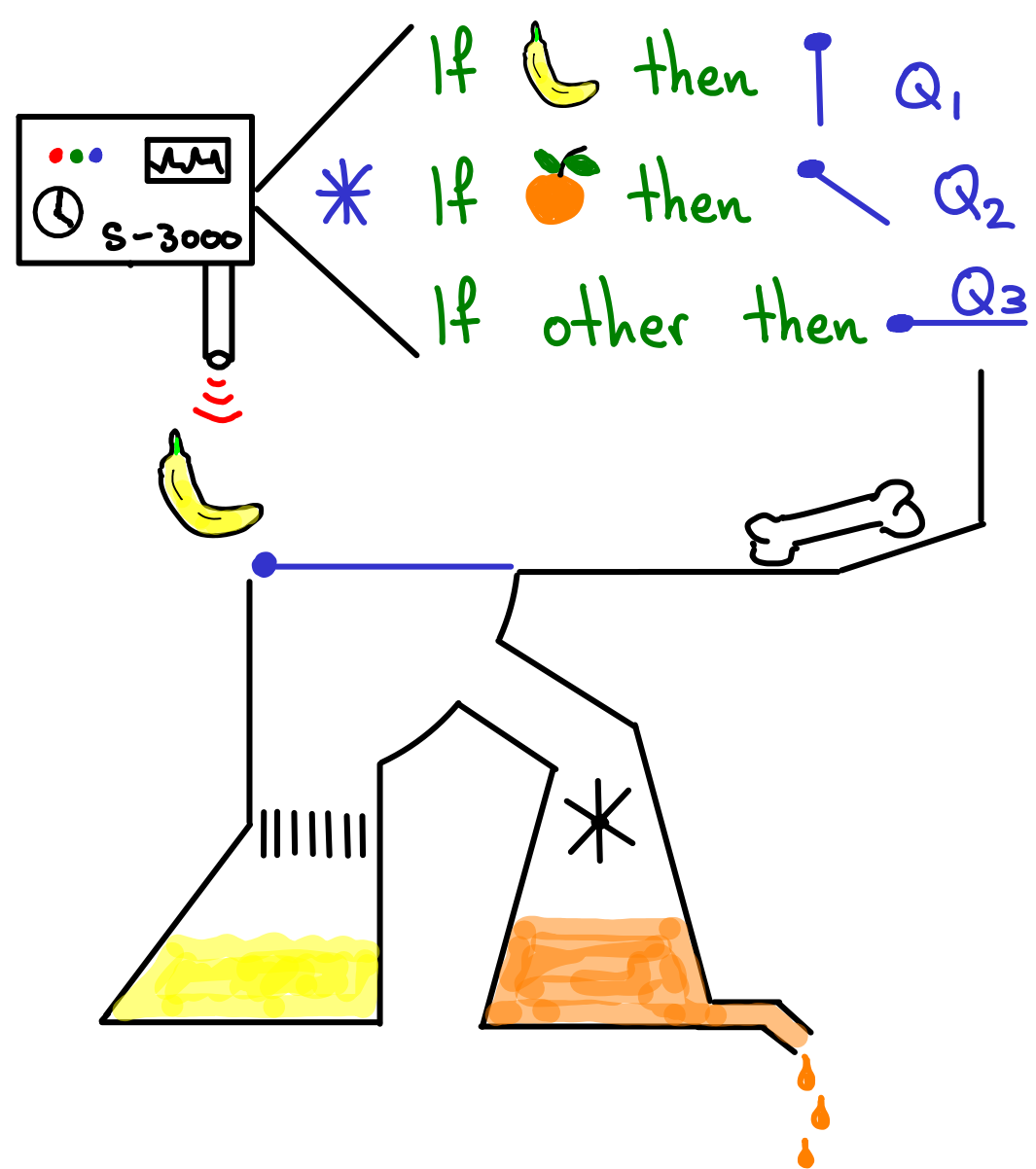
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🍌, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $T \rightarrow F : F$

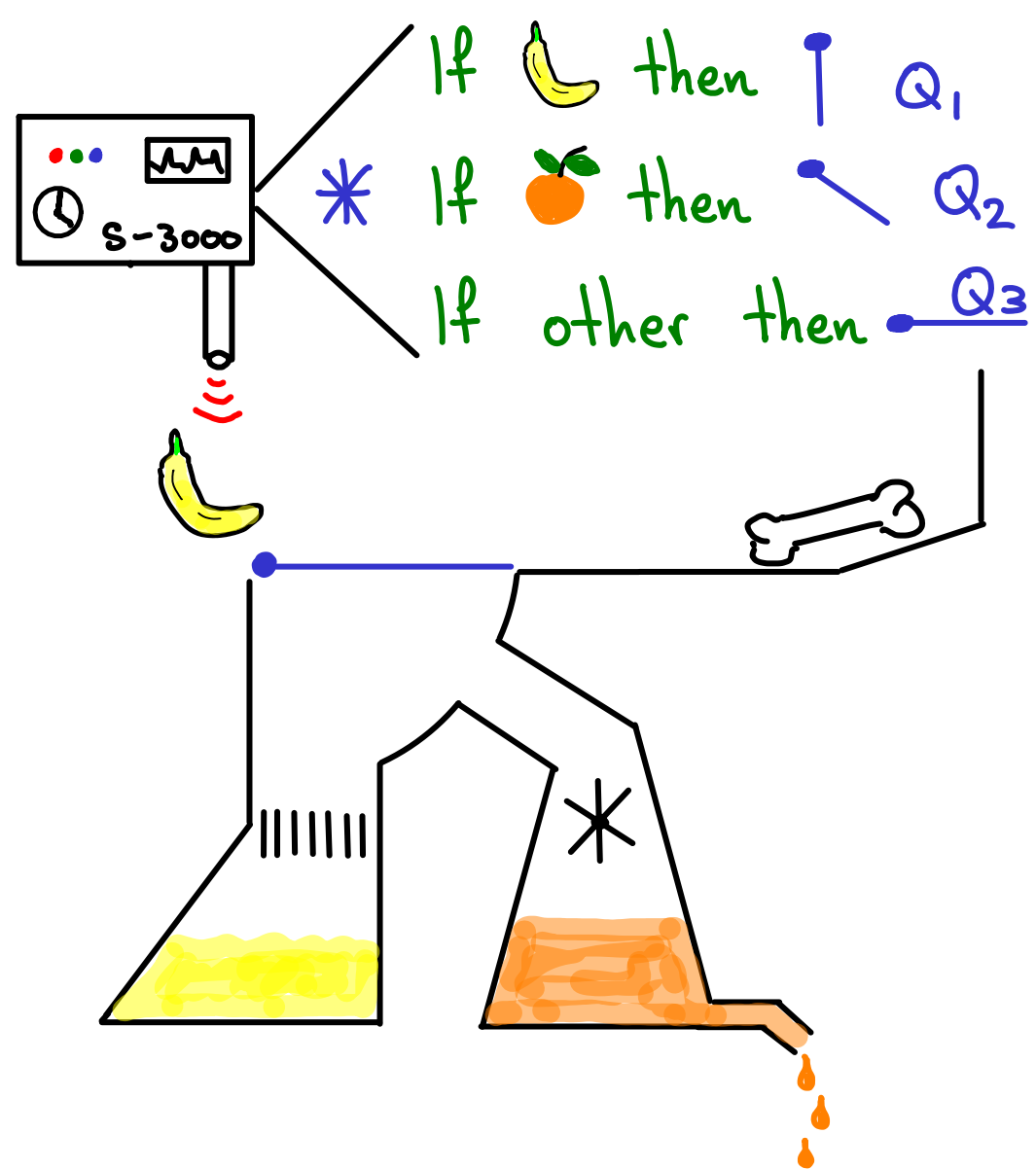
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working? No

e.g., sense 🍌, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $T \rightarrow F : F$

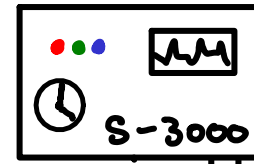
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2) : X$




AND

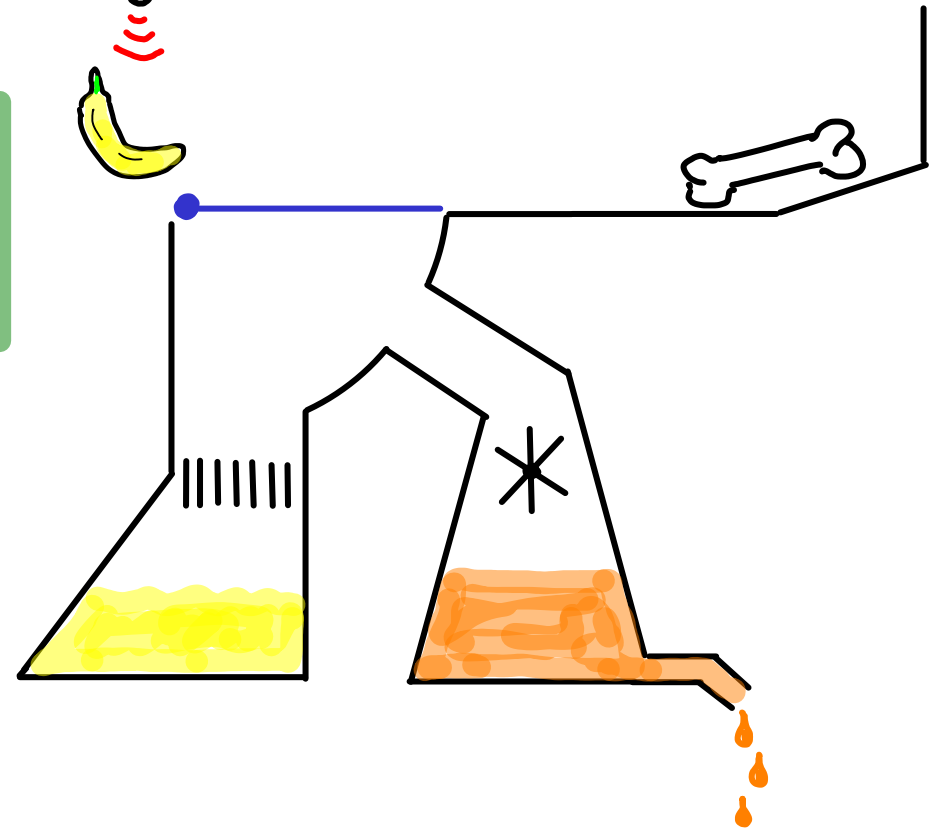
$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3) : Y$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



*

If 🍌 then  Q_1
If 🍊 then  Q_2
If other then  Q_3



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working? No

e.g., sense 🍌, action = 

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $T \rightarrow F : F$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

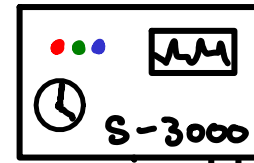
AND




$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ } $\neg(T \text{ OR } F) \rightarrow T$

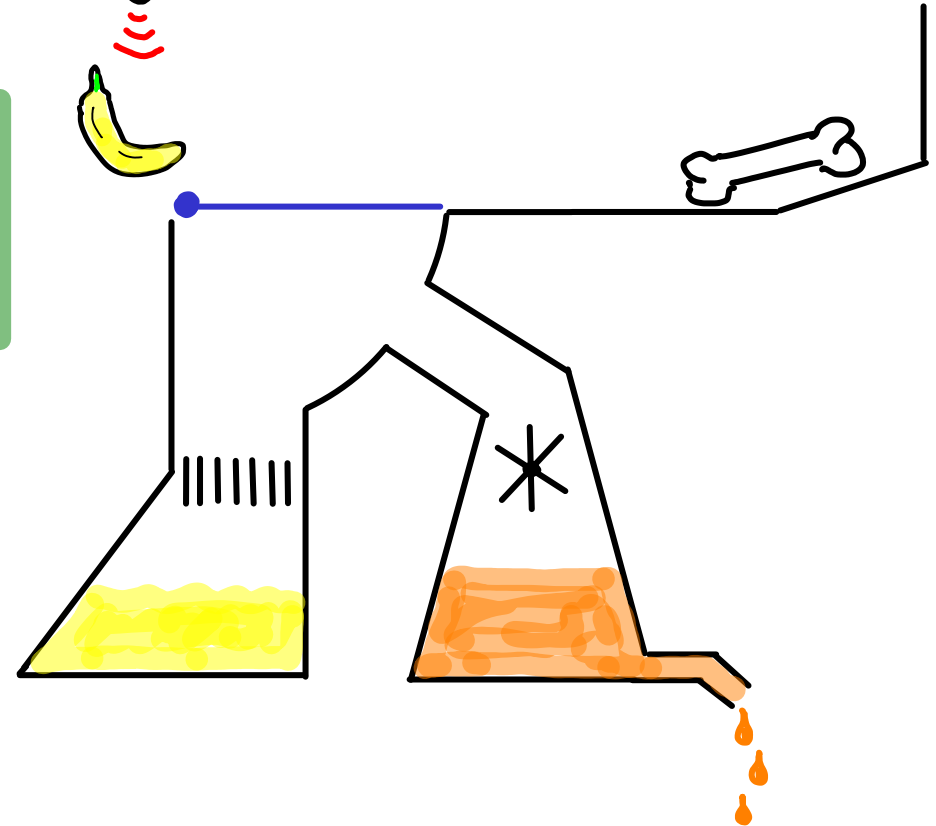
P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

F AND T AND T
conclusion: F

$\neg T \rightarrow T$
 $F \rightarrow T$
T



If 🍌 then  Q_1
* If 🍊 then  Q_2
If other then  Q_3



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🐶, action = \uparrow

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$

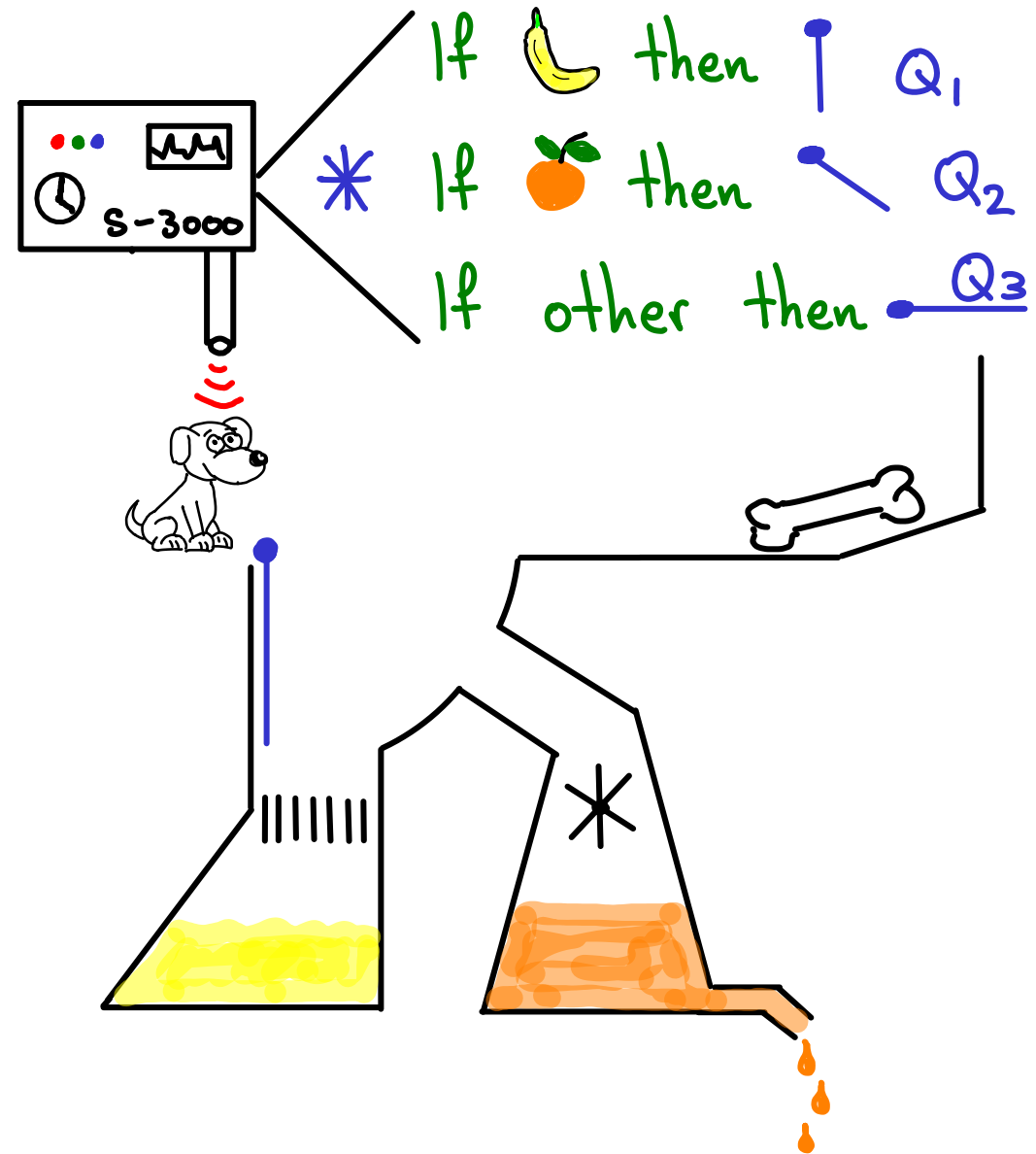
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🐶, action = ⚡

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow T$

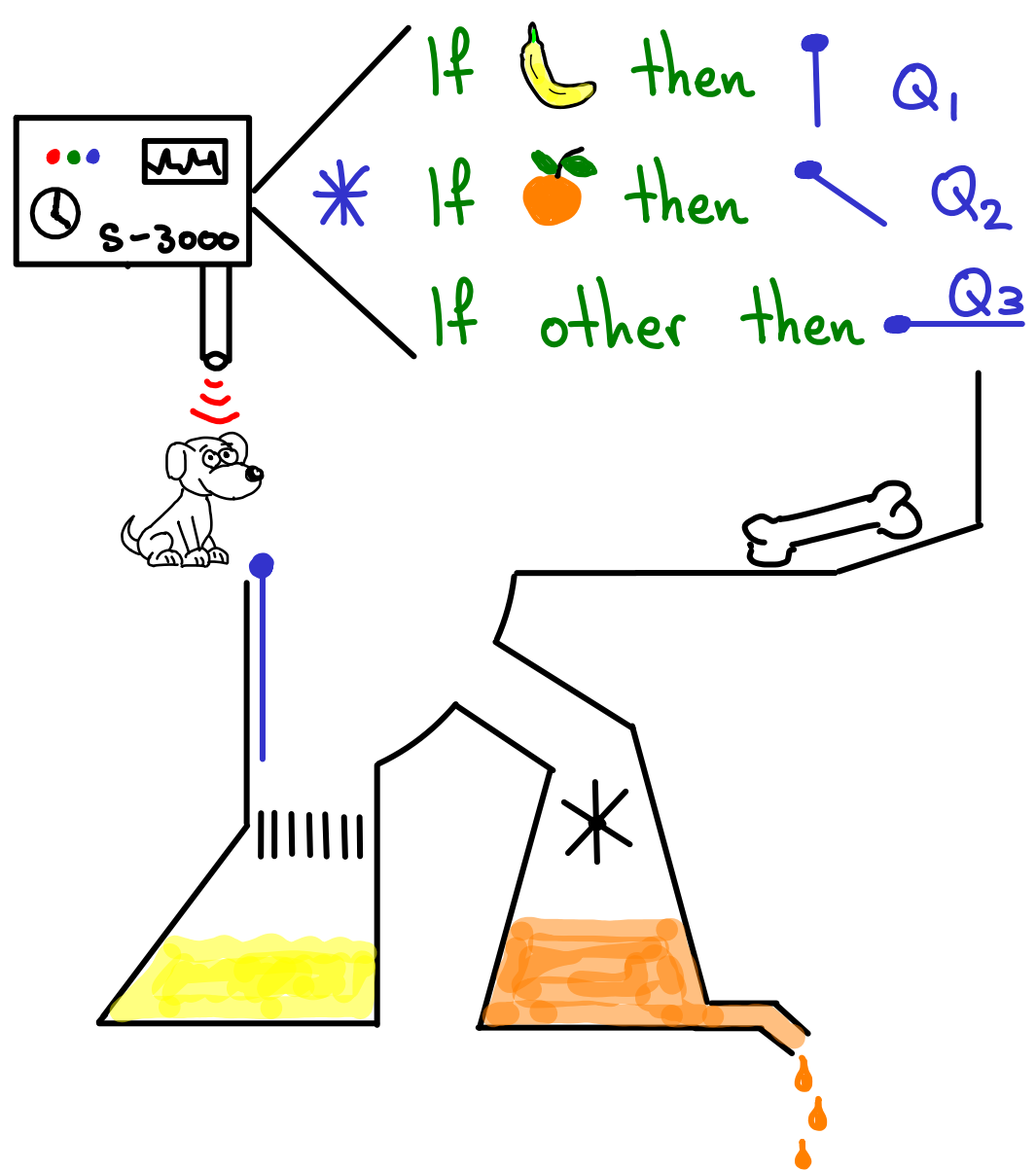
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🐶, action = ⚡

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow T : T$

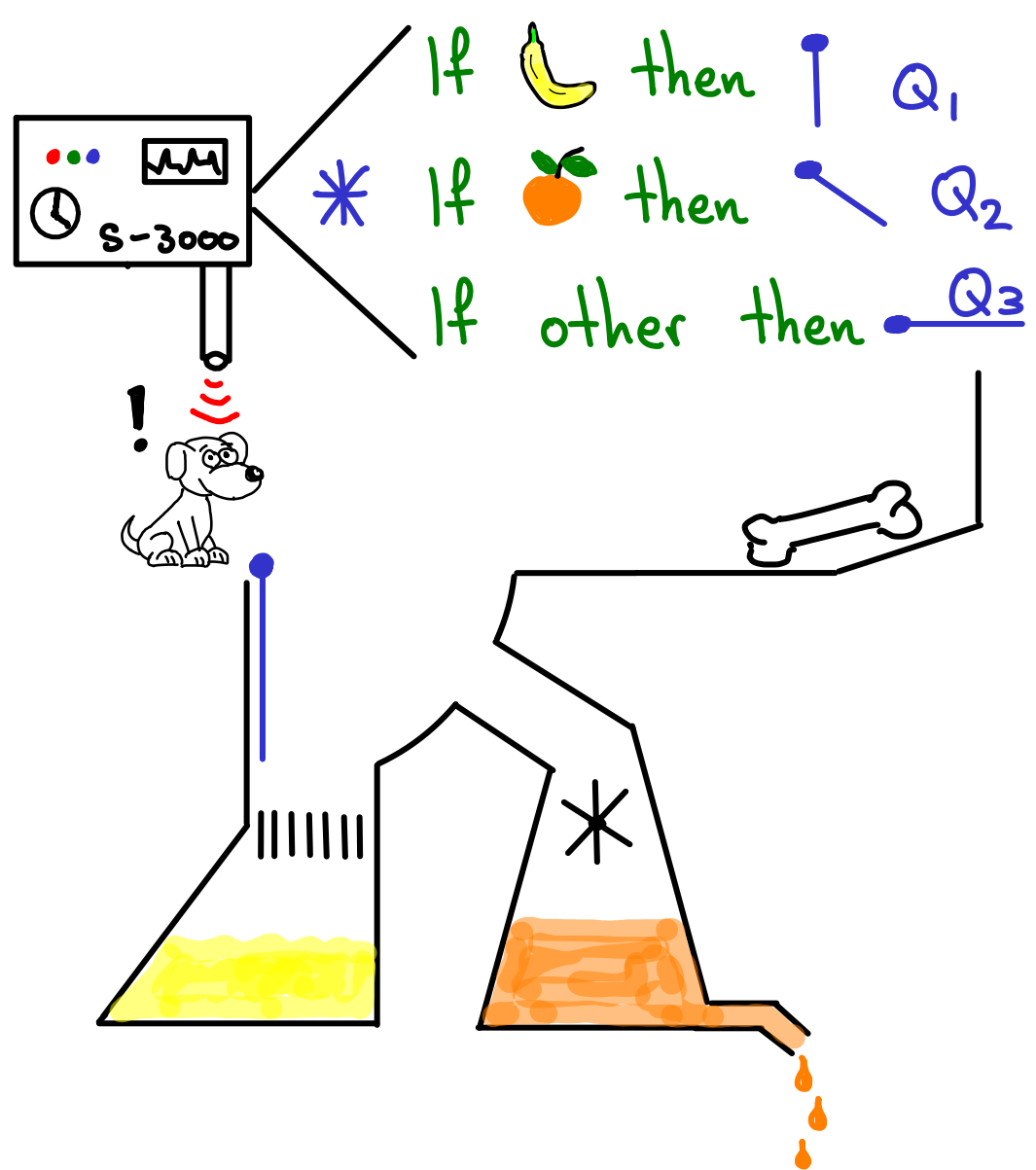
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🐶, action = ⚡

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow T : T$

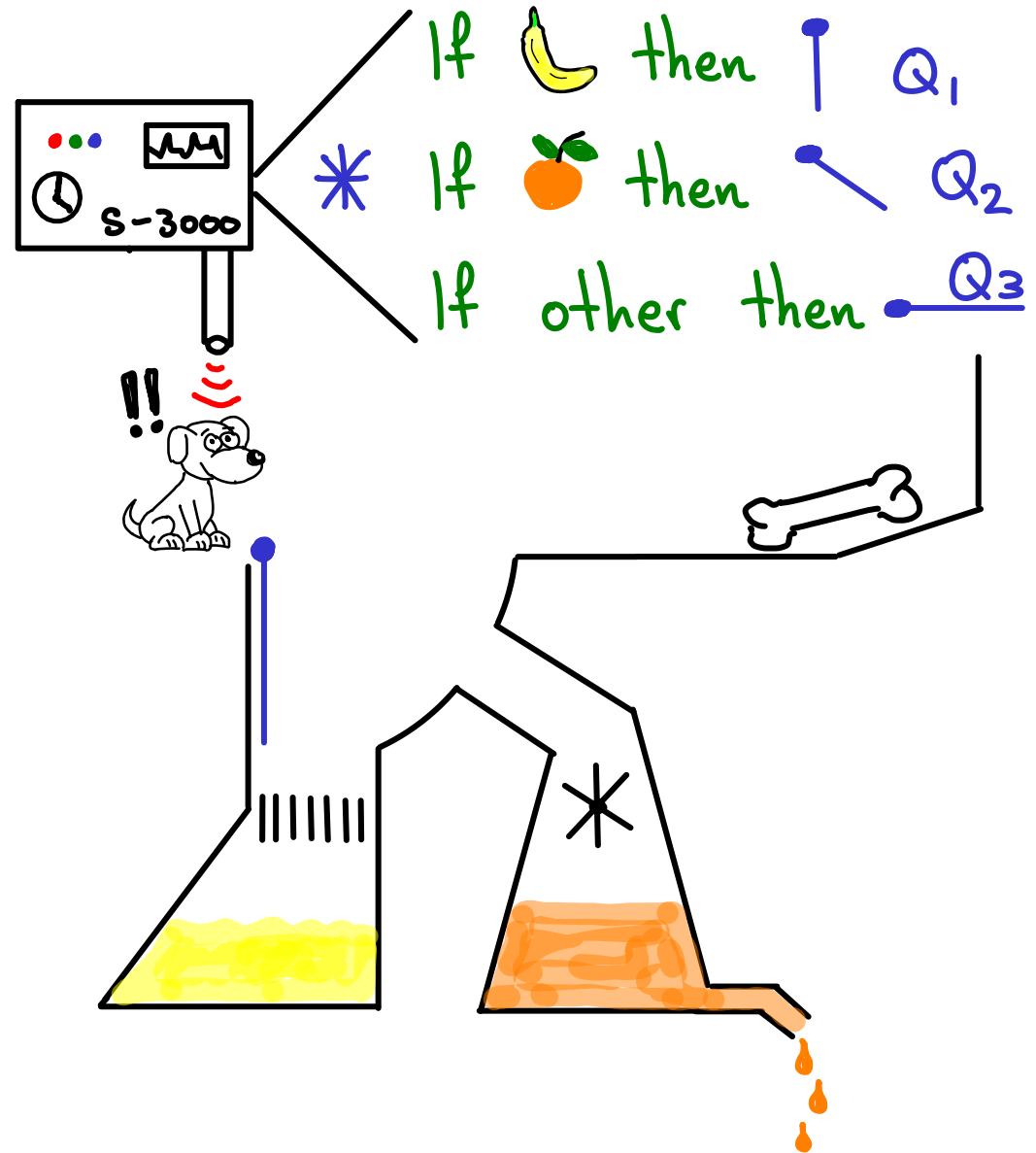
AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF  . P_2 IFF  .

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense , action = 

$$(P_i \rightarrow Q_i) \} F \rightarrow T : T$$

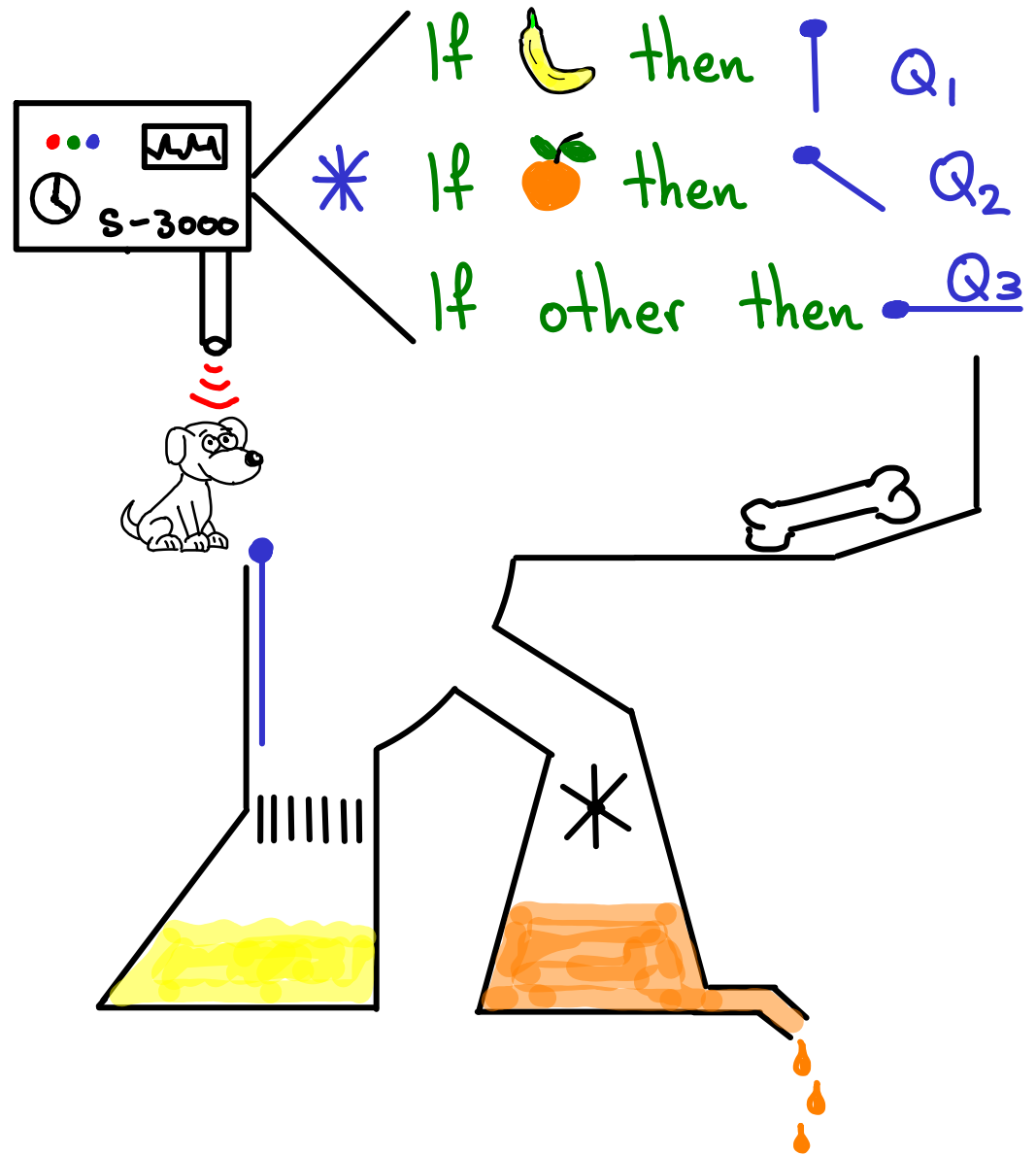
AND

$$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2) \} F \rightarrow F : T$$

AND

$$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3) \quad \} \quad \neg(F \text{ OR } F) \rightarrow F$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \vee Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🐶, action = ⌋

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow T : T$

AND

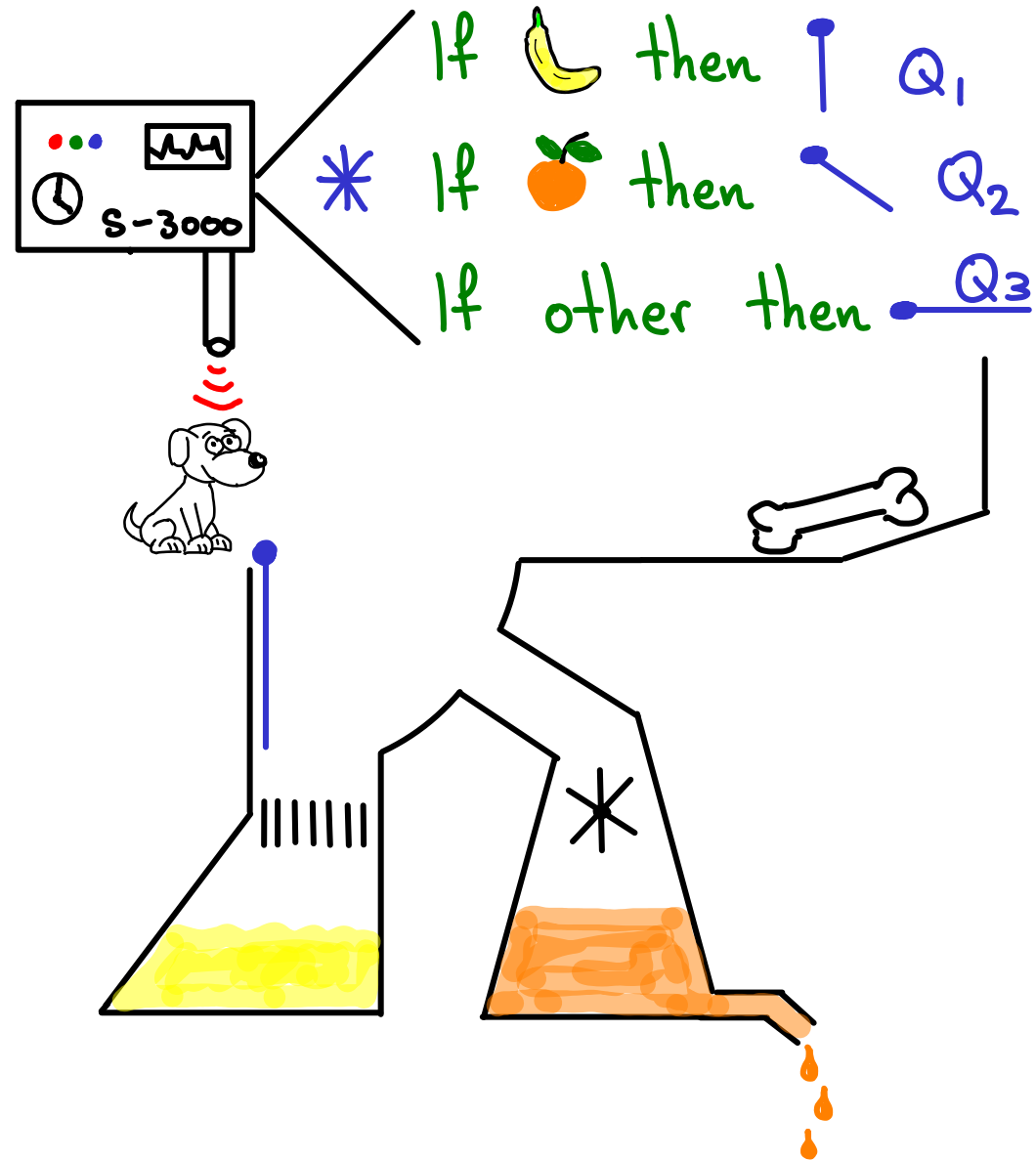
$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

$\neg(F \text{ OR } F) \rightarrow F$
 $\neg F \rightarrow F$



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🐶, action = ⬆

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow T : T$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

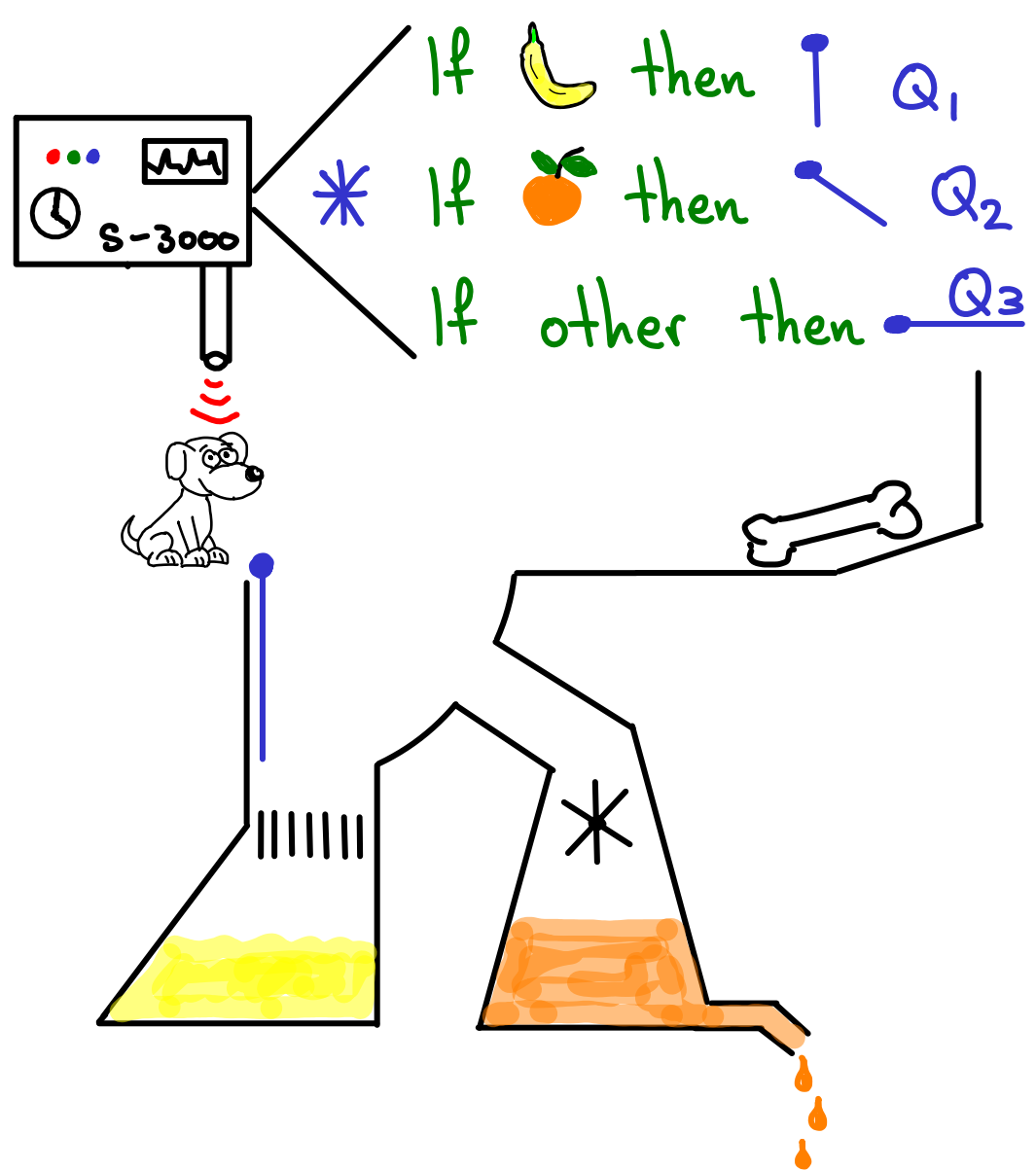
AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

$\neg(F \text{ OR } F) \rightarrow F$

$\neg F \rightarrow F$
 $T \rightarrow F$



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working?

e.g., sense 🐶, action = ⚡

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow T : T$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

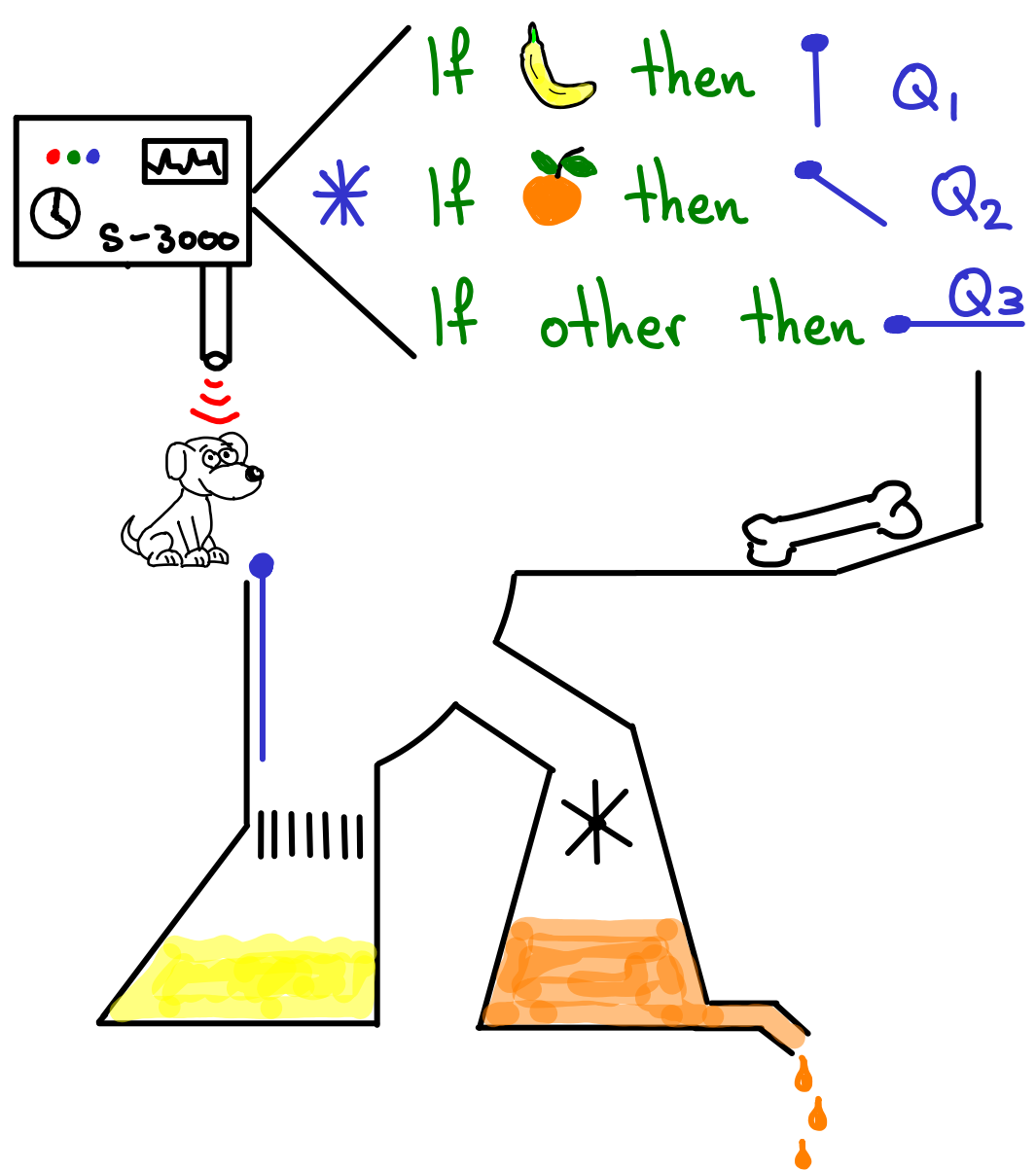
AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F

$\neg(F \text{ OR } F) \rightarrow F$

$\neg F \rightarrow F$
 $T \rightarrow F$
 F



P_1 IFF 🍌. P_2 IFF 🍊.

Is the machine working? No

e.g., sense 🐶, action = ⬆

$(P_1 \rightarrow Q_1)$ } $F \rightarrow T : T$

AND

$(P_2 \rightarrow Q_2)$ } $F \rightarrow F : T$

AND

$(\neg(P_1 \text{ OR } P_2) \rightarrow Q_3)$ }

T AND T AND F
conclusion: F

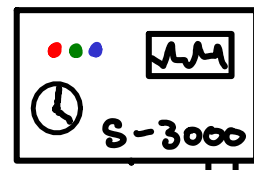
$\neg(F \text{ OR } F) \rightarrow F$

$\neg F \rightarrow F$

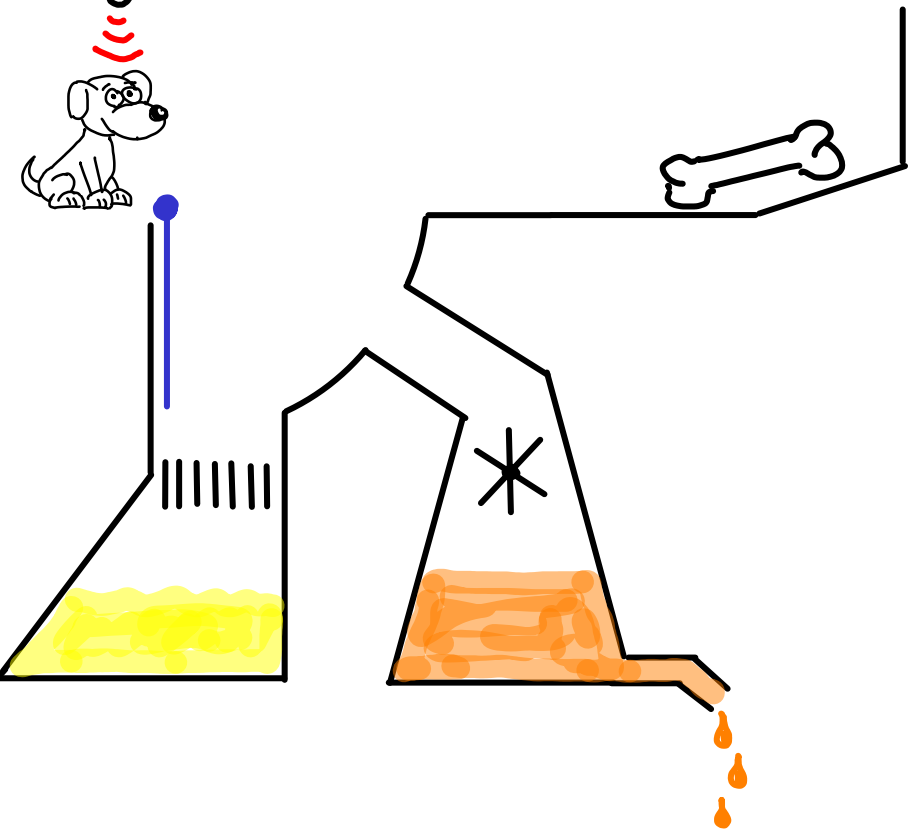
$T \rightarrow F$

F

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$P \text{ OR } Q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	T	F



If 🍌 then ⬆ Q_1
 * If 🍊 then ⬇ Q_2
 If other then — Q_3



(more) PROPOSITIONAL LOGIC

PROPOSITIONAL LOGIC NOTATION

NOT P

$\neg P$

or \overline{P}

P AND Q

$P \wedge Q$

P OR Q

$P \vee Q$

if P then Q, P implies Q

$P \rightarrow Q$

P IFF Q

$P \leftrightarrow Q$

P XOR Q

$P \oplus Q$

MCS: "cryptic... we mostly stick to words"

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

If I am hungry then I eat

$$P \rightarrow Q$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$Q \rightarrow P$
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	F
F	F	T	T

If I am hungry then I eat

$$P \rightarrow Q$$



If I eat then I am hungry

$$Q \rightarrow P$$

converse

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$Q \rightarrow P$	$\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$
T	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	F
F	F	T	T	T

If I am hungry then I eat

$$P \rightarrow Q$$



If I eat then I am hungry

$$Q \rightarrow P$$

converse

contrapositive

If I don't eat then I am not hungry

$$\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$Q \rightarrow P$	$\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$
T	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	T
F	F	T	T	T

If I am hungry then I eat

$$P \rightarrow Q$$



If I eat then I am hungry

$$Q \rightarrow P$$

converse

contrapositive

If I don't eat then I am not hungry

$$\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$$

P	Q	$P \rightarrow Q$	$Q \rightarrow P$	$\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$
T	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	T
F	F	T	T	T

If I am hungry then I eat

$$P \rightarrow Q$$



If I eat then I am hungry

$$Q \rightarrow P$$

converse

contrapositive

If I don't eat then I am not hungry

$$\neg Q \rightarrow \neg P$$



B OR $\neg B$ (Shakespeare?)

B OR $\neg B$

B	$\neg B$	B OR $\neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

If a logic formula is always T then it is **valid**.

$$\underbrace{B \text{ OR } \neg B}_T$$

B	$\neg B$	B OR $\neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

See also: **tautology**

If a logic formula is always T then it is **valid**.

$$\underbrace{B \text{ OR } \neg B}_{T}$$

B	$\neg B$	B OR $\neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

B XOR $\neg B$ valid?

If a logic formula is always T then it is **valid**.

$$\underbrace{B \text{ OR } \neg B}_{T}$$

$B \text{ XOR } \neg B$ is valid:

B	$\neg B$	$B \text{ OR } \neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

B	$\neg B$	$B \text{ XOR } \neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

If a logic formula is always T then it is **valid**.

$$\underbrace{B \text{ OR } \neg B}_T$$

$B \text{ XOR } \neg B$ is valid:

B	$\neg B$	$B \text{ OR } \neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

B	$\neg B$	$B \text{ XOR } \neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

If you're asked: "do you want cake now or later?" ...

If a logic formula is always T then it is **valid**.

$$\underbrace{B \text{ OR } \neg B}_{T}$$

B	$\neg B$	$B \text{ OR } \neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

$B \text{ XOR } \neg B$ is valid:

B	$\neg B$	$B \text{ XOR } \neg B$
T	F	T
F	T	T

If you're asked: "do you want cake now or later?" ... **just say YES**

Also works with: "do you want cake or ice cream?"

If a logic formula can be T then it is satisfiable

If a logic formula can be T then it is satisfiable

P is satisfiable IFF $\neg P$ is not valid

We have seen that a valid formula (tautology) can be simplified

Let's look at some more ways to simplify logic (formulas)

F AND A \leftrightarrow F

T OR A \leftrightarrow T

F AND A \leftrightarrow F

T AND A \leftrightarrow ?

T OR A \leftrightarrow T

F OR A \leftrightarrow ?

F AND A \leftrightarrow F

T AND A \leftrightarrow A

T OR A \leftrightarrow T

F OR A \leftrightarrow A

$$F \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow F$$

$$T \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$T \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow T$$

$$F \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$A \text{ AND } \neg A \leftrightarrow F$$

$$A \text{ OR } \neg A \leftrightarrow T$$

$$F \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow F$$

$$T \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$T \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow T$$

$$F \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$A \text{ AND } \neg A \leftrightarrow F$$

$$A \text{ OR } \neg A \leftrightarrow T$$

$$A \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$A \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$F \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow F$$

$$T \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow T$$

$$T \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$F \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$A \text{ AND } \neg A \leftrightarrow F$$

$$A \text{ AND } A \leftrightarrow A$$


$$A \text{ OR } \neg A \leftrightarrow T$$

$$A \text{ OR } A \leftrightarrow A$$

$$A \leftrightarrow \neg(\neg A)$$

P: A OR (\neg A AND B)

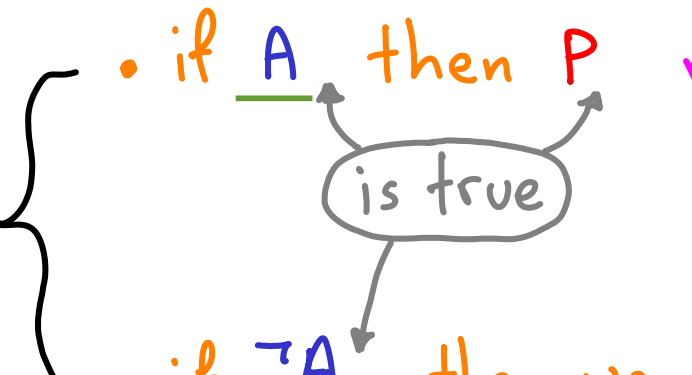
P: A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)

- if A then P regardless of what ($\neg A$ AND B) is.
- 
- The diagram shows a grey oval containing the text "is true". Two arrows originate from this oval: one points upwards and to the left towards the letter "A" in the phrase "if A", and the other points upwards and to the right towards the letter "P" in the phrase "then P".

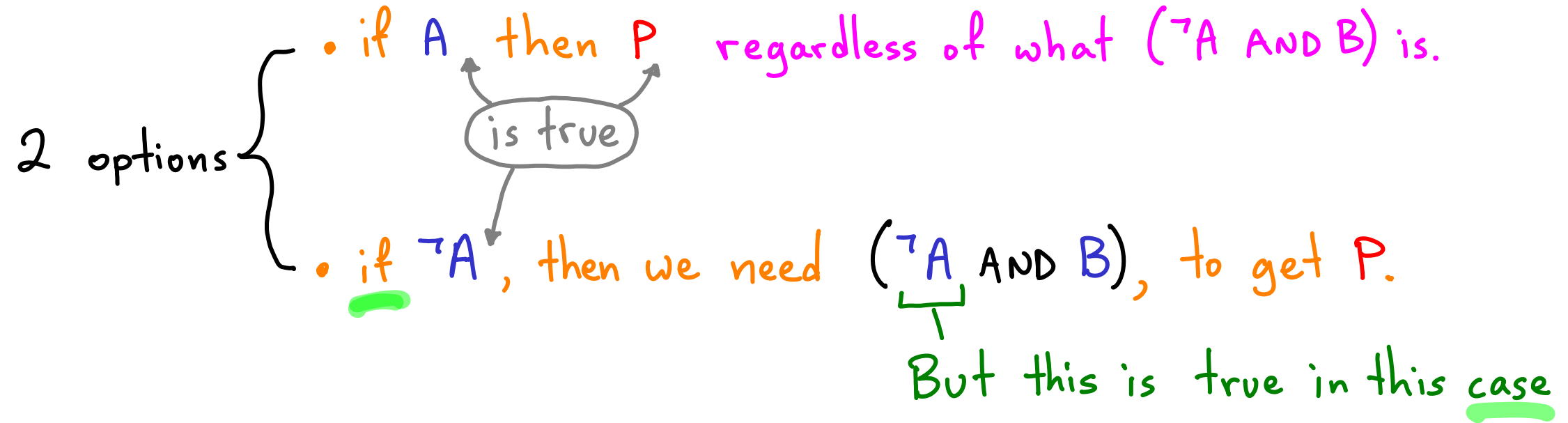
$P:$ A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)

2 options {

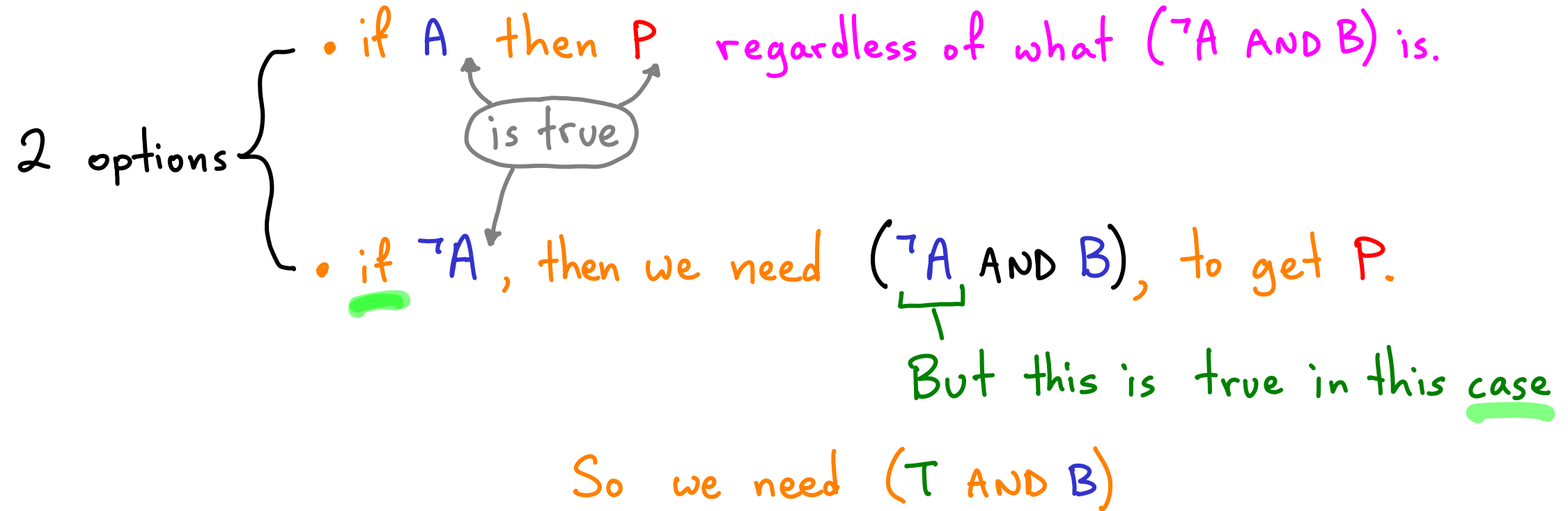
- if A then P regardless of what ($\neg A$ AND B) is.
- if $\neg A$, then we need ($\neg A$ AND B), to get P.



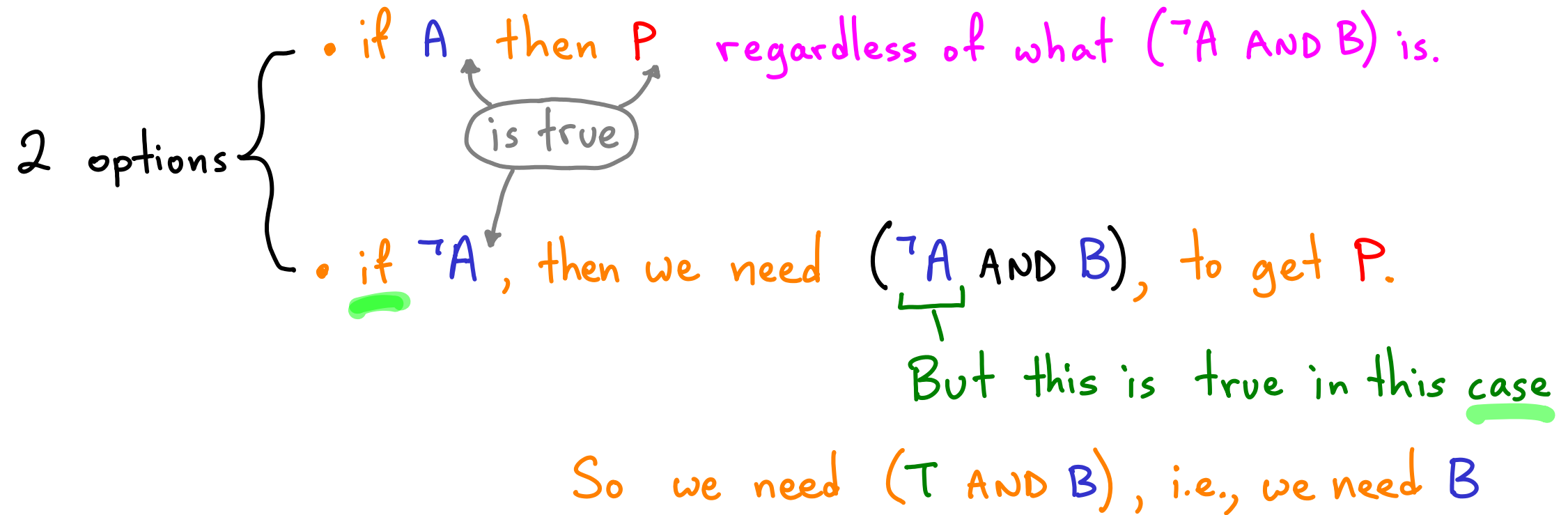
$P:$ A OR $(\neg A \text{ AND } B)$



$P: A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B)$



$P: A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B)$



$$P: A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \underline{\longleftrightarrow A \text{ OR } B}$$

- 2 options {
- if A then P regardless of what $(\neg A \text{ AND } B)$ is.
 - OR
 - if $\neg A$, then we need $(\underbrace{\neg A}_{\text{true}} \text{ AND } B)$, to get P.
But this is true in this case
- So we need $(T \text{ AND } B)$, i.e., we need B

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

if $x < 0$ do [action C]

else if $(x \geq 0 \text{ and } y > 10)$ do [action C]

A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)

\longleftrightarrow A OR B

if $x < 0$ do [action C]

else if ($x \geq 0$ and $y > 10$) do [action C]

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad \underbrace{A} \text{ OR } \underbrace{B}$$

if $x < 0$ do [action C]

else if $(x \geq 0 \text{ and } y > 10)$ do [action C]

more efficient \rightarrow

if $\underbrace{x < 0}$ do [action C]

else if $\underbrace{y > 10}$ do [action C]

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T		
T	F		
F	T		
F	F		

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T		T
T	F		T
F	T		T
F	F		F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	$\neg A$ OR $(\neg A \text{ AND } B)$	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	F	F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	$\neg A$ OR $(\neg A \text{ AND } B)$	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	F	F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F		T
F	T		T
F	F		F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	T OR (F AND F)	T
F	T		T
F	F		F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	T	T
F	T		T
F	F		F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	T	T
F	T	F OR (T AND T)	T
F	F		F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	T	T
F	T	T	T
F	F		F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	T	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	F OR (T AND F)	F

$$A \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } B) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad A \text{ OR } B$$

A	B	A OR ($\neg A$ AND B)	A OR B
T	T	T	T
T	F	T	T
F	T	T	T
F	F	F	F

SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

claim: Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A$ OR B

SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A \text{ OR } B$

$\neg A$ OR A
└┘ └┘
case1 case2

SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A$ OR B

$\neg A$ OR $(A \text{ AND } B)$
└┘ └┘
case1 case2

SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A$ OR B

Recall, $\neg A$ OR $(A \text{ AND } B)$

The diagram illustrates the logical equivalence of the formula $\neg A \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } B)$ by breaking it down into two distinct cases. An orange curly brace is positioned above the formula. Below the first term, $\neg A$, there is a green T-shaped symbol (a horizontal bar with a vertical line extending downwards) and the text "case1" in green. Similarly, below the second term, $(A \text{ AND } B)$, there is a green T-shaped symbol and the text "case2" in green.

SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A \text{ OR } B$

\downarrow
vacuous
 $A \rightarrow B$

\swarrow
because A

Recall, $\neg A \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } B)$
 $\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{case 1}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\text{case 2}}$


SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A$ OR B

● Can replace $A \leftrightarrow B$ with $(A \rightarrow B)$ AND $(B \rightarrow A)$


SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A$ OR B

Can replace $A \leftrightarrow B$ with $(A \rightarrow B)$ AND $(B \rightarrow A)$, then 
 $(\neg A \text{ OR } B)$ AND $(\neg B \text{ OR } A)$

SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS


Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A \text{ OR } B$

Can replace $A \leftrightarrow B$ with $(A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A)$, then 
 $(\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)$

● Can replace $A \text{ XOR } B$ with $(A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } \neg(A \text{ AND } B)$

SIMPLIFYING PROPOSITIONAL FORMULAS

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A \text{ OR } B$

Can replace $A \leftrightarrow B$ with $(A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A)$, then 
 $(\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)$

Can replace $A \text{ XOR } B$ with $(A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } \neg(A \text{ AND } B)$

So we can get everything in terms of AND, OR, NOT.

Next we see several rules that can help to simplify/modify further

$A \text{ AND } B \iff B \text{ AND } A$

$A \text{ OR } B \iff B \text{ OR } A$

commutativity

$$A \text{ AND } B \iff B \text{ AND } A$$

$$A \text{ OR } B \iff B \text{ OR } A$$

commutativity

$$(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ AND } C \iff A \text{ AND } (B \text{ AND } C)$$

$$A \text{ AND } B \iff B \text{ AND } A$$

$$A \text{ OR } B \iff B \text{ OR } A$$

commutativity

$$(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ AND } C \iff A \text{ AND } (B \text{ AND } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C \curvearrowleft$$

$$A \text{ AND } B \iff B \text{ AND } A$$

$$A \text{ OR } B \iff B \text{ OR } A$$

commutativity

$$(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ AND } C \iff A \text{ AND } (B \text{ AND } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C \curvearrowleft$$

$$(A \text{ OR } B) \text{ OR } C \iff A \text{ OR } (B \text{ OR } C)$$

$$A \text{ AND } B \iff B \text{ AND } A$$

$$A \text{ OR } B \iff B \text{ OR } A$$

commutativity

$$(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ AND } C \iff A \text{ AND } (B \text{ AND } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C \curvearrowleft$$

$$(A \text{ OR } B) \text{ OR } C \iff A \text{ OR } (B \text{ OR } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C \curvearrowleft$$

associativity

$$A \text{ AND } B \iff B \text{ AND } A$$

$$A \text{ OR } B \iff B \text{ OR } A$$

commutativity

$$(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ AND } C \iff A \text{ AND } (B \text{ AND } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C \curvearrowleft$$

$$(A \text{ OR } B) \text{ OR } C \iff A \text{ OR } (B \text{ OR } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C \curvearrowleft$$

associativity

$$A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C) \iff (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C)$$

$$A \text{ AND } B \longleftrightarrow B \text{ AND } A$$

$$A \text{ OR } B \longleftrightarrow B \text{ OR } A$$

commutativity

$$(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ AND } C \longleftrightarrow A \text{ AND } (B \text{ AND } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C \curvearrowleft$$

$$(A \text{ OR } B) \text{ OR } C \longleftrightarrow A \text{ OR } (B \text{ OR } C)$$

$$\curvearrowright A \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C \curvearrowleft$$

associativity

$$A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C) \longleftrightarrow (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C)$$

$$A \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } C) \longleftrightarrow (A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } C)$$


distributivity

Two more important rules

$$\neg(A \text{ AND } B) \iff \neg A \text{ OR } \neg B$$

e.g., not (rich and famous) \iff not rich or not famous

$$\neg(A \text{ AND } B) \iff \neg A \text{ OR } \neg B$$


$$\neg(A \text{ OR } B) \iff \neg A \text{ AND } \neg B$$

e.g., not (fast or strong) \iff not fast and not strong

$$\neg(A \text{ AND } B) \iff \neg A \text{ OR } \neg B$$

$$\neg(A \text{ OR } B) \iff \neg A \text{ AND } \neg B$$

De Morgan's Laws

$(A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) \stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B)$

$$(A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) \stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B)$$
$$= (\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)$$

by earlier result

Can replace $A \rightarrow B$ with $\neg A \text{ OR } B$

↓
vacuous
 $A \rightarrow B$

↘ because A

Recall, $\neg A$ OR $(A \text{ AND } B)$

└ case1 └ case2

$$\begin{aligned}(A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) &\stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \\&= (\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A) && \text{by earlier result} \\&= (\neg A \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) && \text{distr.}\end{aligned}$$

treat $(\neg B \text{ OR } A)$ as C

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) \stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A) \quad \text{by earlier result} \\
& = \underbrace{(\neg A \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A))}_{\text{yellow}} \text{ OR } \underbrace{(B \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A))}_{\text{green}} \quad \text{distr.} \\
& = \underbrace{((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } A))}_{\text{yellow}} \text{ OR } \underbrace{((B \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A))}_{\text{green}} \gg
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) \stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A) \quad \text{by earlier result} \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \quad \text{distr.} \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } A)) \text{ OR } ((\underline{B \text{ AND } \neg B}) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)) \gg \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } F) \text{ OR } (F \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) \stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A) \quad \text{by earlier result} \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \quad \text{distr.} \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } A)) \text{ OR } ((B \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)) \gg \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } \textcolor{red}{F}) \text{ OR } (\textcolor{red}{F} \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } \textcolor{red}{F} \text{ OR } \textcolor{red}{F} \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A) \quad \text{assoc.}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) \stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A) \quad \text{by earlier result} \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \quad \text{distr.} \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } A)) \text{ OR } ((B \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)) \gg \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } \textcolor{red}{F}) \text{ OR } (\textcolor{red}{F} \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } \textcolor{red}{F} \text{ OR } \textcolor{red}{F} \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A) \quad \text{assoc.} \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A \rightarrow B) \text{ AND } (B \rightarrow A) \stackrel{?}{=} (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ OR } B) \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A) \quad \text{by earlier result} \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } (\neg B \text{ OR } A)) \quad \text{distr.} \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } A)) \text{ OR } ((B \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)) \gg \\
& = ((\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } \text{F}) \text{ OR } (\text{F} \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A)) \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } \text{F} \text{ OR } \text{F} \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A) \quad \text{assoc.} \\
& = (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \text{ OR } (B \text{ AND } A) \\
& = (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (\neg A \text{ AND } \neg B) \quad \text{comm.}
\end{aligned}$$

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

...

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table \therefore

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table \therefore

} Find all rows in table
where formula is T.

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table \therefore

} Find all rows in table
where formula is T.

Want ≥ 1 of these rows to be satisfied:

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table \therefore

} Find all rows in table
where formula is T.

Want ≥ 1 of these rows to be satisfied:
 $(A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C)$ ●

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table \therefore

} Find all rows in table
where formula is T.

Want ≥ 1 of these rows to be satisfied:

$(A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C)$

OR $(A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } \bar{C})$ ●

DISJUNCTIVE FORM "an OR of ANDs"

e.g., $(A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (A \text{ AND } C \text{ AND } D) \text{ OR } (\bar{B} \text{ AND } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table \therefore

} Find all rows in table where formula is T.

Want ≥ 1 of these rows to be satisfied:

$(A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C)$

OR $(A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } \bar{C})$

OR $(A \text{ AND } \bar{B} \text{ AND } C)$ ●

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

Find all rows in table where formula is F.

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

Find all rows in table where formula is F.
Want ALL of these rows to NOT be satisfied:

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

Find all rows in table where formula is F.
Want ALL of these rows to NOT be satisfied:

$(\bar{A} \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C)$ ●

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

Find all rows in table where formula is F.
Want ALL of these rows to NOT be satisfied:

$(\bar{A} \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C)$
AND $(A \text{ OR } \bar{B} \text{ OR } \bar{C})$ ●

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

Find all rows in table where formula is F.
Want ALL of these rows to NOT be satisfied:

$(\bar{A} \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C)$

AND $(A \text{ OR } \bar{B} \text{ OR } \bar{C})$

AND $(A \text{ OR } \bar{B} \text{ OR } C)$ ●

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

Find all rows in table where formula is F.
Want ALL of these rows to NOT be satisfied:

$(\bar{A} \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C)$
AND $(A \text{ OR } \bar{B} \text{ OR } \bar{C})$
AND $(A \text{ OR } \bar{B} \text{ OR } C)$
AND $(A \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } \bar{C})$ ●

CONJUNCTIVE FORM "an AND of ORs"

e.g., $(A \text{ OR } C) \text{ AND } (A \text{ OR } \bar{D}) \text{ AND } (\bar{B} \text{ OR } C \text{ OR } D)$

We can write any propositional formula like this. e.g., $A \text{ AND } (B \text{ OR } C)$


A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F
F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F

Fill in entire truth table

Find all rows in table where formula is F.
Want ALL of these rows to NOT be satisfied:

$(\bar{A} \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C)$
AND $(A \text{ OR } \bar{B} \text{ OR } \bar{C})$
AND $(A \text{ OR } \bar{B} \text{ OR } C)$
AND $(A \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } \bar{C})$
AND $(A \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C)$

What we got was actually **DISJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**
& **CONJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**




Every variable is present in each term within parentheses.

Source: MCS

Other sources use "CNF" and "DNF" without this requirement

What we got was actually **DISJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**
& **CONJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**



Every variable is present in each term within parentheses.

Why do we care about this?


This standardization can help proof automation (for validity, satisfiability)

You could also check if two formulas are equivalent,
by getting them into the same "canonical" form

Source: MCS

Other sources use "CNF" and "DNF" without this requirement

What we got was actually **DISJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**
& **CONJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**




Every variable is present in each term within parentheses.

We can often simplify DNF, CNF

e.g.,

$(A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } C)$
OR $(A \text{ AND } B \text{ AND } \bar{C})$
OR $(A \text{ AND } \bar{B} \text{ AND } C)$



$(A \text{ AND } B)$
OR $(A \text{ AND } C)$

What we got was actually **DISJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**
& **CONJUNCTIVE NORMAL FORM**

Every variable is present in each term within parentheses.

We can often simplify DNF, CNF

e.g.,

A	B	C	A AND (B OR C)
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T

(A AND B AND C)
OR (A AND B AND \bar{C})
OR (A AND \bar{B} AND C)

(A AND B) ●
OR (A AND C) ●

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}. x^2 \geq 0$$

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}. x^2 \geq 0$$

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R}. x - \pi^2 + \sqrt{2} = 0$$

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}. x^2 \geq 0$$

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R}. x - \pi^2 + \sqrt{2} = 0$$

For every action there is a reaction. $\forall a \exists r$

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}. x^2 \geq 0$$

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R}. x - \pi^2 + \sqrt{2} = 0$$

For every action there is a reaction. $\forall a \exists r$

There is an answer for every question.

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}. x^2 \geq 0$$

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R}. x - \pi^2 + \sqrt{2} = 0$$

For every action there is a reaction. $\forall a \exists r$

There is an answer for every question.

↪ Ambiguous → One answer for all questions?

$\exists a \forall q$

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}. x^2 \geq 0$$

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R}. x - \pi^2 + \sqrt{2} = 0$$

For every action there is a reaction. $\forall a \exists r$

There is an answer for every question.

↪ Ambiguous → One answer for all questions?

$$\exists a \forall q$$

↪ For every question there is an answer.

$$\forall q \exists a$$

"for all" \forall vs \exists "exists"

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}. x^2 \geq 0$$

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R}. x - \pi^2 + \sqrt{2} = 0$$

For every action there is a reaction. $\forall a \exists r \neq \exists r \forall a$ *

There is an answer for every question.

↪ Ambiguous → One answer for all questions?

↪ For every question there is an answer.

$$\neq \begin{matrix} \exists a \forall q \\ \forall q \exists a \end{matrix}$$

* Inconsistency in literature

Every coin has two sides: ?

Every coin has two sides:

$$\forall c \exists s_1(c) \exists s_2(c)$$

Every coin has two sides: $\forall c \exists s_1(c) \exists s_2(c)$

P = prime numbers.

X = even integers > 2 .

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

?

Every coin has two sides: $\forall c \exists s_1(c) \exists s_2(c)$

P = prime numbers.

X = even integers > 2 .

$$\underline{\forall n \in X} \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

For every integer n greater than 2,

Every coin has two sides: $\forall c \exists s_1(c) \exists s_2(c)$

P = prime numbers.

X = even integers > 2 .

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

For every integer n greater than 2,
there exist prime numbers a and b

Every coin has two sides: $\forall c \exists s_1(c) \exists s_2(c)$

P = prime numbers.

X = even integers > 2 .

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. \underline{n = a + b}$$

For every integer n greater than 2,
there exist prime numbers a and b such that

Every coin has two sides: $\forall c \exists s_1(c) \exists s_2(c)$

P = prime numbers.

X = even integers > 2 .

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

For every integer n greater than 2,
there exist prime numbers a and b such that $n = a + b$.

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.
(Goldbach's conjecture)

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

$$\forall a \in P \forall b \in P \exists n \in X. n = a + b$$

?

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

$$\forall a \in P \forall b \in P \exists n \in X. n = a + b$$

For every pair of primes there is an integer > 2 that is their sum.



$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

$$\forall a \in P \forall b \in P \exists n \in X. n = a + b$$

For every pair of primes there is an integer > 2 that is their sum.

$$\exists a \in P \exists b \in P. \forall n \in X n = a + b$$

?

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

$$\forall a \in P \forall b \in P \exists n \in X. n = a + b$$

For every pair of primes there is an integer > 2 that is their sum.

$$\exists a \in P \exists b \in P. \forall n \in X n = a + b$$

There exist 2 primes such that their sum is equal to every integer > 2

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

$$\forall a \in P \forall b \in P \exists n \in X. n = a + b$$

For every pair of primes there is an integer > 2 that is their sum.

$$\exists a \in P \exists b \in P. \forall n \in X n = a + b$$

There exist 2 primes such that their sum is equal to every integer > 2

$$\exists a \in P \exists b \in P \forall n \in X. n = a + b \quad ?$$

$$\forall n \in X \exists a \in P \exists b \in P. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

$$\forall a \in P \forall b \in P \exists n \in X. n = a + b$$

For every pair of primes there is an integer > 2 that is their sum.

$$\exists a \in P \exists b \in P. \forall n \in X n = a + b$$

There exist 2 primes such that their sum is equal to every integer > 2

$$\exists a \in P \exists b \in P \forall n \in X. n = a + b$$

Every integer greater than 2 is the sum of two primes.

(poor form)

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

that makes sense for P

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

?

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not (everybody likes logic).

$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$

There is someone who doesn't like logic.

?

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

$$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$$

There is someone who doesn't like logic.

$$\exists x. \neg(P(x))$$

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

$$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$$

There is someone who doesn't like logic.

$$\exists x. \neg(P(x))$$

Nobody can lick their own elbow.

actually not true.

?

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

$$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$$

There is someone who doesn't like logic.

$$\exists x. \neg(P(x))$$

Nobody can lick their own elbow.

actually not true.

$$\neg(\exists x. P(x))$$

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

$$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$$

There is someone who doesn't like logic.

$$\exists x. \neg(P(x))$$

Nobody can lick their own elbow.

actually not true.

$$\neg(\exists x. P(x))$$

Every person can't lick their own elbow.

?

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

$$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$$

There is someone who doesn't like logic.

$$\exists x. \neg(P(x))$$

Nobody can lick their own elbow.

actually not true.

$$\neg(\exists x. P(x))$$

Every person can't lick their own elbow.

$$\forall x. \neg(P(x))$$

$\forall x. P(x)$ For all x , proposition P (with x as a variable) is true.

e.g., $P(\text{Alex})$: Alex likes logic.

that makes sense for P

Not everybody likes logic.

$$\neg(\forall x. P(x))$$

There is someone who doesn't like logic.

$$\exists x. \neg(P(x))$$

Nobody can lick their own elbow.

$$\neg(\exists x. P(x))$$

Every person can't lick their own elbow.

$$\forall x. \neg(P(x))$$

actually not true.